Index

Note: page numbers in *italics* indicate figures, and those in **bold** tables.

abdominal ultrasound
  intracranial surgery 24, 24–25
  spinal surgery 59, 65–68, 67, 68
abdominal wall weakness, postoperative 188, 196, 203, 203
abrasion sores 266, 267
acanthocytes 60
activated partial thromboplastin time (aPTT) 64
Adson-baby retractors 3–4, 5
alanine aminotransferase 62
albumin, serum 62
alkaline phosphatase 62
amantadine 247
analgesia, postoperative see postoperative analgesia
anemia 61
angle-stable constructs 13, 16
antibiotics, perioperative 248
antiepileptics (anticonvulsants) 25–26, 254
apical ligament of the dens 141
arachnoid diverticula 135
Army–Navy retractor 4, 5
arthrodesis
  atlantoaxial 146
  cervical spine 171–172, 176, 177
lumbosacral 229
aspergillosis 102
aspiration pneumonia 22, 23, 25, 25
aspirin 64
atlantoaxial subluxation (AAS) 141–148
anatomy 141
clinical signs 142
diagnosis 142, 142–143
medical management 143, 144
pathophysiology 141–142
postoperative care 144, 148
surgical complications 146
surgical procedures 143–146, 145–146
surgical prognosis 148
atlantooccipital overlap (AOO) 142
atlantoaxial stabilization 144
dorsal laminectomy/hemilaminectomy 155–156
ventral atlantoaxial stabilization 144–145, 145
wings 55, 56
Australian Shepherd, Pelger-Huët anomaly 61, 62
axis (C2) 115, 141
dorsal atlantoaxial stabilization 144
dorsal laminectomy/hemilaminectomy 155–156
laminotomy 155–156, 155–156
spinal process 55, 56, 56
ventral atlantoaxial stabilization 144–145, 145
azotemia 23, 62, 63
bad habits 257
  preventing and treating 264–265, 265
sit-to-stand exercise 261, 262
Balfour retractor, pediatric 3, 5
bethanechol 251, 251, 267
biceps femoris muscle biopsy 93, 94, 95, 95–96
bicortical pins
  cervical fracture/luxation repair 211
bicortical screws 14
  cervical distraction and stabilization 175, 175–176
  cervical fracture/luxation repair 211–212
bicortical spinal implants 18
    cervical stabilization 169–170
    thoracolumbar stabilization 213, 213
bicycle movement exercises 249, 259, 259–260
bile acid concentrations 25
bilirubinuria 63
biochemistry, serum 23, 24, 62–63
biopsy
    brain 48–50, 49
    extracranial lesions 24–25, 25, 30, 31
    muscle and nerve 93–96
    skull tumors 121
    spinal neoplasia 240
    tract removal 123, 124
bipolar electrosurgery 3, 4
biventer cervicis muscle 166, 166
bladder expression, manual 250–251
bladder management 250–251, 251, 251, 267
blade fenestration 191, 191–192, 194–195, 195
bleeding see hemorrhage/bleeding
bleeding disorders 64, 89
bleeding time, buccal mucosal 25, 25, 63
blood component therapy 246
blood pressure 22, 23, 24, 24
blood typing 23, 24, 25
blood urea nitrogen (BUN) 62
bone cement see polymethylmethacrylate (PMMA) cement
bone grafts
    atlantoaxial stabilization 146, 146
    cancellous, harvesting 173
    cervical distraction and stabilization 170, 172, 172–173, 174
bone metastases, spinal 235, 237
bone plates see plates, bone
bone screws see screws, bone
bone tap guide 14, 14
bone tumors, primary
    skull 30, 121–128
    spine 235, 238, 238
bone wax 7, 7
Boxes, cardiac disease 22
brachiocephalicus muscle 165, 165
brachycephalic dogs
    congenital hydrocephalus 129
    frontal sinus 99, 100
    transfrontal craniotomy 104
brain biopsy 48–50, 49
brain-heart syndrome 22
brain herniation
    clinical features 22, 22
    CSF taps and 57, 88–89
    diagnostic imaging 38–39
brain masses
    extraaxial 37, 38, 38, 39
    image interpretation 37–39
    intraaxial 37, 38, 38
    intraoperative ultrasonography 46–48, 47, 110–112
    perilesional edema 37, 37
    removal techniques 112, 113
    suboccipital craniectomy 115, 116
    see also intracranial tumors
brain plasticity 257–258
Brainsight™ stereotactic system 48–50, 49
brain spoons 7
brain tumors see intracranial tumors
brushing/scratching, therapeutic 260, 260
Brussels Griffons, foramen magnum decompression 26
buccal mucosal bleeding time 25, 25, 63
bunny-hopping gait 264, 265
buprenorphine 246
burr, drill 6, 7
butorphanol 246
C1 see atlas
C2 see axis
calcium, plasma 62
cancellous bone
    pin–bone interface 12–13
    threaded pins 11, 13
cancellous screws 15
cardiac arrhythmias 68, 68, 160–161
cardiac disease
    breeds at risk 22, 26
    preoperative evaluation 22–23, 25, 26, 68
cardiovascular evaluation, preoperative 22–23
carprofen 247
carts, for permanent disabilities 267
cart-work exercises 262, 264, 265
Caspar retractors 171, 171
casts, urinary 63
cauda equina 226
cauda equina syndrome see degenerative lumbosacral stenosis
cavaletti 261–262, 263
Cavalier King Charles Spaniels (CKCS)
    cardiac disease 22, 26
    cerebral infarction 41
cefazolin 116, 131, 248
cellulose surgical spears 7, 7–10
central canal dilation, with myelography 89
cerebral edema
    perilesional 37, 37
    periventricular 130
    steroid therapy 247
cerebral infarction 39–43
    lacunar 41, 42
    territorial 41, 42
cerebro-cardiac syndrome 22
cerebromedullary puncture see cisternal cerebrospinal fluid tap
cerebrospinal fluid (CSF)
    cisternal tap 55–57
    failure to obtain (dry tap) 89–90
    lumbar tap 85–91
    over-drainage, VP shunts 134
    sample collection 56, 57, 88
cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) analysis 57, 85
    hydrocephalus 130
    indications 90–91
    normal values in dogs 90
    spinal neoplasia 240
cerebrovascular disease
    advanced imaging 39–43
    lateral rostroventral approach 109
Index

transfrontal craniotomy 102
see also intracranial hemorrhage
cervical disc fenestration 192, 193
cervical disc herniation
dorsal approach 149, 150
lateral approach 163–164, 164
modified dorsal–lateral approach 166
prophylactic disc fenestration 192
ventral slot 157, 158–160
ventral vs dorsal approaches 149
cervical distraction and stabilization 169–178
additional decompression 172–173, 173
complications 176–178
discectomy 171, 171–172
intervertebral spacers 172, 172
multiple spaces 176, 176
positioning and approach 170, 170
postoperative assessment 176
preoperative planning 169–170, 170
stabilization techniques 173–176, 174–175
surgical procedure 171–176
vertebral distraction 171, 171
cervical fractures/luxations 211–213
decompression techniques 209
positioning and approach 211
reduction 211
stabilization techniques 211–213
cervical hemilaminectomy
cervical distraction and stabilization 173, 173
dorsal approach to C1–C2 155
dorsal approach to C3–T1 154, 155
lateral approach 164
modified dorsal–lateral approach 166, 167
vs dorsal laminectomy 149–150, 150–151
cervical myelopathy
atlantoaxial subluxation 142, 143
imaging 67, 80–81
see also cervical spondylomyelopathy
cervical spine
postoperative instability 161, 167
prophylactic disc fenestration 192
surgical anatomy 153, 164–165, 165, 169, 170
cervical spondylomyelopathy (wobbler syndrome)
cervical distraction and stabilization 169–178
dorsal laminectomy 153
dorsal vs ventral approaches 149
modified dorsal–lateral approach 164, 164
ventral slot 157, 157

cervicoauricular–occipital complex 115
chemotherapy 240, 242
Chiari-like malformation 115, 117
surgical procedure 117, 118–120, 119
chisel pin tip 11, 11, 12
choline/creatinine (Cho/Cr) ratio 35
choline:N-acetylaspartate (Cho:NAA) index (CNI) 36
choline/phosphocreatine–creatine (Cho/PCr-Cr) ratio 36
choroid plexus tumors 43, 115
cisapride 253
cisternal cerebrospinal fluid tap 55–57, 71
complications 57
contraindications 91
equipment 55, 56
interpretation 57
preparation and positioning 55, 56
sample acquisition 55–56, 56, 57
coagulation factors, inherited deficiencies 64
coagulation tests 25, 64
codeine 247
cold therapy, postoperative 254, 258
common peroneal nerve biopsy 93, 94, 95, 95–96
compensation see bad habits
complete blood count (CBC) 23, 24, 60–62
complexus muscle 165, 166, 166
computed tomography (CT)
atlantoaxial subluxation 142, 143
cervical distraction and stabilization 176
cervical spondylomyelopathy 80–81
degenerative lumbosacral stenosis 225, 225
extradural spinal lesions 81, 81
-guided brain biopsy 48
head 32–33, 34, 36–44
head trauma 27
intervertebral disc disease 78–80, 79, 80
lateralized cervical lesions 163
lumbosacral disease 80
myelography 74, 75, 78–79, 80, 80
skull tumors 121, 122
spinal neoplasia 240
spine 74, 75, 76–78
thoracic 65, 66
genital malformations, transfrontal craniotomy 102
contrast agents 71, 74
adverse reactions 23, 73, 74
cortical bone
pin–bone interface 12, 13
threaded pins 11, 13
cortical ring allografts, as intervertebral spacers 172, 172
cortical screws 15
cervical fracture/luxation repair 211, 211
see also bicortical screws; monocortical screws
corticosteroids 242, 246–247, 248
cough 22
cranial tibial muscle biopsy 93, 94

craniectomy

diseases 6, 7
lateral (rostrotentorial) 109–114
skull tumors 121–128
suboccipital 115–120
cranietome 6, 7
craniotomy

lateral (rostrotentorial) 109–114
transfrontal 99–107
creatinine, serum 62
crystalluria 63
CSF see cerebrospinal fluid
CT see computed tomography
curettes, surgical 8, 195, 196
CUSA ultrasonic tissue ablation system see ultrasonic surgical aspirator
Cushing’s reflex 22
cycling exercises, passive 249, 259, 259–260
cytology see fine-needle aspiration cytology
D-dimer assays 65
decubital ulcers 248, 248, 266, 266
degenerative lumbosacral stenosis (DLSS) 223–230
  conservative and medical therapy 225
diagnosis 224–225
imaging 80, 224–225, 224–226
pathophysiology 223–224
postoperative outcomes 229–230, 231
surgical treatment see lumbosacral decompression and foraminotomy
dens (odontoid process) 141
  developmental abnormalities 141, 142
  resection 146
dental tartar scraper 7, 8
dentate ligament 181
depth gauges 14
desmopressin (DDAVP) 64
dexmedetomidine 246
diazepam 251, 251, 267
diffusion-weighted imaging (DWI) 41
diploic hemorrhage 154, 154
Dirofilaria immitis larva 151
disabilities, permanent 267, 268
discospondylitis 90, 223–224
diverticuloperitoneal shunting 135, 136
Doberman Pinschers
  cardiac disease 22
  von Willebrand disease 25, 64, 160
dolichocephalic dogs
  frontal sinus 99, 100
  transfrontal craniotomy 104, 105
doppler ultrasonography
  intraoperative 46
  transcranial 32, 32
dorsal approaches
  cervical spine 144, 149, 150–153
  occipital–atlantoaxial vertebral canal (medulla to C2) 155–156
  pediculectomy/mini-hemilaminectomy 185
  thoracolumbar disc fenestration 194
dorsal atlantoaxial ligament 117–118, 141
  dorsal laminotomy of C2 155
  hemilaminectomy (C3–T1) 155
  indications 149
  laminectomy vs hemilaminectomy 149–150, 150–151
  occipital–atlantoaxial region (medulla to C2) 155–156
dorsal laminectomy
  C1–C2 155
  C3–thoracic vertebrae 153, 153–155, 154, 173
  classification 205, 206
deep 206, 207
  Funkquist A 206, 206
  Funkquist B 205, 206, 206
  indications 205
  lumbosacral region 226–228, 227–228
  modified 205, 206, 206–207
  spinal trauma 209
  surgical approach 205–206, 206
  thoracolumbar region 183, 205–207
  vs cervical hemilaminectomy 149–150, 150–151
dorsal–lateral approach to lateral cervical spine, modified
  indications 164, 164
  surgical technique 166, 166–167
dorsal longitudinal ligament 200, 201, 201
dorsal sagittal sinus 105, 123, 123
dorsolateral thoracolumbar approaches
  disc fenestration 194
  lateral corpectomy 199
  pediculectomy/mini-hemilaminectomy 184, 184–185, 185, 186
dragging the limbs
  abrasion sores 266, 267
  preventing and treating 265, 265
draping 3, 4
drill bits, size 14
drills, power 6, 7
dry tap 89–90
dura mater
  closure of defects 114, 114, 118, 118
  lateral rostroventral cranietomy 110, 113
  transfrontal craniotomy 105, 106
durotomy
  lateral cervical approach 166
  spinal neoplasia 240–241, 241
  thoracolumbar hemilaminectomy 181–182
eccentrocytes 60, 60
echinocytes 60
electrical stimulation 258
electrocardiogram (ECG) 22, 24, 68, 68
electrolytes, serum 23, 24, 62
electromyography (EMG) 163
electro-surgical instruments 3, 4
  elevators, soft tissue 4, 6
empyema, intracranial 44, 102, 102
endocrine evaluation, preoperative 23
endoscope-assisted minimally invasive surgery 160, 202
endoscopy 3, 4
enteral nutrition 252, 252
environment, adaptation of home 267–268
eosinophilia 61
epidural abscess 90
epidural space
  inadvertent injection of contrast 72, 73
  lumbosacral region 86
erithrocytes 60, 60–61
erithrocytosis 61
erythromycin 253
esophagostomy tube (E-tube) 252
exercise restriction, after spinal surgery 254–255
exercises, therapeutic 254, 259–264
  lateral recumbency 259–260, 259–260
  standing position 260–262, 261–264
  water-based 262–264, 264
exoscopy 3, 4
external skeletal fixation (ESF) 215
extradural spinal lesions
  diagnostic imaging 76–77, 77, 81
  intervertebral disc disease 78, 79
  neoplasia 235, 236, 238–239
facetectomy
cervical distraction and stabilization 173, 173
lateral cervical approach 165
lumbosacral 225–226, 228–229
modified dorsal–lateral cervical approach 164, 164, 166
famotidine 116, 248
fasting, perioperative 23
fat grafts
suboccipital craniectomy 116, 118, 118
thoracolumbar hemilaminectomy 179, 179, 182
federal incontinence 266, 267
fenestration
see intervertebral disc fenestration
fentanyl 246
fibrin–fibrinogen degradation products (FDPs) 65
fibrosarcoma, vertebral 238
fine‐needle aspiration cytology
extracranial lesions 24–25, 25
skull tumors 121
spinal tumors 240
flexor exercise 259, 260
flexor withdrawal testing 163
fluid therapy, postoperative 245–246
foramen magnum decompression (FMD) 115–120
indications 115, 115–117
minimum database 24, 26
patient positioning 115–116, 117
surgical anatomy 115, 117
surgical technique 116–120, 117–119
foraminotomy
extended thoracolumbar 183, 184
lumbosacral 225–226, 228–229
forceps, bone holding 9, 10
fovea dentis 141
Frazier–Ferguson suction tip 7, 8
Freer periosteal elevator 4, 6
frontal bone
anatomy 99, 99, 100
bone flap closure 105, 105, 107
cranietomy defect 105, 107
osteotomy 103, 103–104, 104
frontal lobes 99–100
anatomy 99, 99, 100
indications for surgery 100–102
transfrontal approach see transfrontal craniotomy
frontal sinus
anatomy 99, 99, 100
transfrontal craniotomy 104–105
fucosidosis 35
gabapentin 167, 247
gastric motility agents 253
gastrocnemius muscle biopsy 93, 94, 95, 95–96
gastrointestinal evaluation, preoperative 23
gastroprotections 247, 248
gastrostomy tube feeding 252
gelatin sponge 7, 7–10, 187
Gelpi retractors 4, 5, 171
glioblastoma, spinal 237
gliomas
intraoperative ultrasonography 46, 47, 47–48
magnetic resonance spectroscopy 35–36, 36
glucose, plasma 62
glucosuria 63
golf ball sign 78, 78
golf tee sign 78, 236, 240
Gossett retractor 3, 5
granulomatous meningoencephalomyelitis 90
great auricular artery 115, 117
hand-held chucks 10, 10
headache, post-lumbar puncture 86, 90
head trauma
advanced imaging 43, 43, 44
indications for surgery 27
lateral rostroventorial approach 109, 110
minimum database 24, 26–27, 27
survey radiographs 27, 29
transfrontal craniotomy 102, 102
heat therapy 258
Heinz bodies 60
hemangiosarcoma, metastatic 38
hematological investigations 23, 60–62, 63–65
hematuria 63
hemilaminectomy see cervical hemilaminectomy; pediculectomy/mini-hemilaminectomy
hemophilia 64
hemorrhage/bleeding
CSF taps 57, 89
intracranial see intracranial hemorrhage
laminectomy 154, 154
lateral rostroventorial craniectomy 110
modified dorsal–lateral cervical approach 166
pediculectomy/mini-hemilaminectomy 188
suboccipital craniectomy 118
thoracolumbar lateral corpectomy 202–203
thrombocytopenia 62, 62
ventral cervical decompression 160
hemorrhagic disorders 64, 89
hemostasis
disorders of 64
testing 25, 25, 63–65
hemostatics, topical 7, 7–10
hepatic failure 64
Hohmann retractors 4, 5
Holter monitoring, preoperative 22
home environment, adaptations 267–268
Horner’s syndrome 161
Howell–Jolly bodies 60
hydrocephalus 129–134
acquired 43, 45, 129
advanced imaging 43–44, 45, 46
clinical features 129
compensatory (ex vacuo) 43–44, 46, 129
congenital 43, 45
diagnostic evaluation 129–130, 130
fenestration and marsupialization of lateral ventricles 136, 137
indications for surgery 130
minimum database 26
pediatric 129
secondary to brain masses 38, 40
shunt surgery see ventriculoperitoneal (VP) shunt placement
transcranial ultrasound 30, 31
hydromorphone 246, 246
hydrotherapy 262–264, 264
hyperadrenocorticism 23
hypercalcemia 62
hyperglycemia 62
hyperkalemia 62
hypocalcemia 62
hypoglycemia 62
hypokalemia 62
hyposthenuria 63
hypotension, intraoperative 160–161
hypothyroidism 23
iliocostalis lumborum muscle 185, 193, 193
iliocostalis thoracis muscle 193
imaging
  intracranial see intracranial imaging
  intraoperative see intraoperative imaging
  postoperative 253
  skull tumors 30, 121, 122
  spinal surgery 71–82
  see also computed tomography; magnetic resonance imaging;
  radiography; ultrasonography
Imex Miniature Interface® pins 13
implant failure
  cervical distraction and stabilization 176, 177, 178
  thermal injury as cause 12
  vertebral fracture/luxation repair 212, 219, 220
implants, orthopedic 11–18
  bone plates 16–18
  bone screws 13–16
  instruments for placing 10, 10
  pins and wires 11–13
incisional care, postoperative 253–254, 253–254
incisional dehiscence 254
incontinence 266, 267
infections, postoperative 254
  cervical distraction and stabilization 177
  spinal surgery 59–60
  thoracolumbar lateral corpectomy 203
  VP shunts 134
inflammatory CNS disease 44, 90, 90
instrumentation, neurosurgical 3–10
integument see skin
interarcuate ligaments see ligamentum flavum
interspinales muscle 85–86
interspinous ligaments 86
intervertebral disc fenestration 191–197
  blade 191, 191–192, 194–195, 195
  cervical 192, 193
  complications 196, 196–197, 197
  extent of nucleus pulposus removal 191–192, 192
  indications 192
  postoperative care 197
  power-assisted 191–192, 195
  procedure 194–195, 195–196
  surgical approaches 192–194
  thoracolumbar 193–197
  at time of hemilaminectomy 182
  intervertebral disc herniation advanced imaging 78–80, 82
  bladder management 251
cervical see cervical disc herniation
  CT 78–80, 79, 80
eextrusion vs protrusion 76, 78
  lumbosacral 223, 228, 228
  MRI 66, 76, 76, 78, 80
  myelography 71, 78, 79
  postoperative analgesia 246–247
  sinus tachycardia 68
  thoracolumbar see thoracolumbar disc herniation
  intervertebral space, distraction 171, 171
  intervertebral spacers
    cervical distraction 172, 172
    complications 177
  lumbosacral distraction 229
  intracranial abscess
    minimum database 26–27, 27
    transfrontal craniotomy 102, 102
  intracranial hemorrhage
    contraindicating lumbar tap 89
    imaging 33–35, 34, 39, 40, 41
    intraparenchymal 34, 39
    presurgical investigations 23, 24
    transfrontal craniotomy 102
  intracranial imaging, advanced 24, 29–50
    image interpretation 36–44
    intraoperative 44–50
    renal complications of contrast agents 23
    techniques 29–36
  intracranial pressure (ICP), raised
    clinical features 21–22, 22
    contraindicating lumbar tap 88–89
    imaging 38–39
    minimum database 21–22, 24
  intracranial surgery
    advanced imaging 29–50
    indications 21
    minimum database 21–27
  intracranial tumors
    diagnostic imaging 38, 38–39, 39
    hemorrhagic 39, 41
    intraoperative ultrasonography 46–48, 47
    lateral rostroventral approach 109, 109
    magnetic resonance spectroscopy 35–36, 36
    metastatic 38, 38
    minimum database 24, 24–26
    suboccipital craniectomy 115, 115, 116, 117–118
    transfrontal craniotomy 100, 101, 105
  intradural–extramedullary spinal lesions
    imaging 76, 77, 77–78
    neoplasia 235, 236, 239, 239, 240
  intramedullary spinal cord lesions
    imaging 76, 77, 77, 81, 81–82
    intervertebral disc disease 80
    tumors 235, 237, 239, 240
  intraoperative imaging 44–50
    image-guided brain biopsy 48–50, 49
    lateral rostroventral craniectomy 110–112, 113
    rationale 44–46
    ultrasonography 46–48, 47
intravenous fluids, postoperative 245–246
intraventricular hemorrhage 34, 39
iodinated contrast agents 71
iris scissors 9, 10
iris spatula 7, 7, 8
Kern bone-holding forceps 9, 10
Kerrison rongeurs 7, 8
ketamine 246, 246
ketonuria 63
Kirschner wires (K-wires) 11
stapling of spinal injuries 216
thoracolumbar fracture reduction 213
Kishigami device 144
knuckling over 265, 265
kyphosis 265, 265
lacunar infarcts 41, 42
laminectomy
  dorsal see dorsal laminectomy 165
  lateral cervical approach 165
modified dorsal–lateral cervical approach 166
prophylactic disc fenestration 192
laminectomy spreaders 9, 10
laminotomy, C2 155–156, 155–156
Langenbeck retractors 4, 5
laser therapy 254, 258
lateral cervical approach (C3–T1) 155, 163–167
clinical evaluation 163
diagnosis 163
indications 163–164, 164
lateral approach 165
modified lateral approach 165, 165–166
postoperative care 166–167
surgical anatomy 164–165, 165
see also dorsal–lateral approach to lateral cervical spine, modified
lateral (rostrotentorial) craniotomy/craniectomy 109–114
indications 109, 109, 110
preparation and positioning 109, 111
quadrigeminal diverticula 136
surgical technique 109–114, 112–114
lateral flexion of spine exercise 260, 261
lateral lumbosacral approach 229
lateral thoracolumbar approaches
corpectomy see thoracolumbar lateral corpectomy
disc fenestration 193–194, 193–194
pediculectomy/mini-hemilaminectomy 184, 185
lateral ventricles, fenestration and marsupialization 136, 137
leukocytes 61
  circulating 61, 61
  CSF 90, 90
leukocytosis 61, 61
leukopenia 61, 61
levator costae muscles 193
levetiracetam 25–26
Lhermitte’s syndrome 242
lidocaine 246
ligamentum flavum (interarcuate ligament) 86
cervical dorsal laminectomy 153–154, 154
lumbosacral dorsal laminectomy 227
Limited Contact Dynamic Compression Plate (LC-DCP®) 16, 17
liver function tests 23, 62
locking compression plate (LCP)
cervical distraction and stabilization 175, 175
cervical fracture/luxation repair 212, 213
locking plates 16–18, 17–18
fixed angle 16, 17, 17
variable angle 16, 17, 17, 18
see also plate fixation
locking screws 16, 16, 18
longissimus capitis muscle 165, 165–166, 166
longissimus cervicis muscle 165, 165
longissimus (thoracis and lumborum) muscle 185, 186, 194
longus colli muscles 158
loupes, surgical 3, 3
lumbar puncture (tap) 85–91
anatomy 85–86
complications 89–90
contraindications 88–89
dry 89–90
indications 85, 90–91
myelography 71–72, 72, 85, 88
patient positioning 86–87, 87
preparation and equipment 86, 86
technique 87, 87, 88, 89
lumbosacral decompression and foraminotomy 223–230
distraction and stabilization/fusion 229, 230
dorsal laminectomy 226–228, 227–228
foraminotomy and facetectomy 228–229
indications 225
postoperative care 229
postoperative outcomes 229–230, 231
surgical anatomy 226, 227
lumbosacral injuries 217–219
decompression techniques 209–211
fixation methods 219, 219, 220
reduction 219
lumbosacral joint 223, 223
distraction and stabilization/fusion 229
surgical anatomy 226, 227
transarticular fixation of fractures 219
lymphocytes, CSF 90, 90
lymphocytosis 61
lymphoma
  nasopharyngeal 30
  spinal 239, 240, 241
lymphopenia 61
macrocytosis 61
magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)
atlantoaxial subluxation 142, 143
brain 29, 33–35, 36–44
cervical stenotic myelopathy 80–81
contrast enhancement 33, 37
degenerative lumbosacral stenosis 225, 226
extradural spinal lesions 81
-guided brain biopsy 48–50, 49
hydrocephalus 43, 45, 129–130, 130
intervertebral disc disease 66, 76, 76, 78, 80
intramedullary spinal cord lesions 81, 81–82
magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) (cont’d)
  lateralized cervical lesions 163
  lumbosacral disease 80
  quadrigeminal diverticula 135, 135
  spinal tumors 236–239, 240
  spine 74–78, 76
magnetic resonance spectroscopy (MRS) 35–36, 35–36
magnetic susceptibility artifact 34
maladaptive change see bad habits
manual traction, cervical vertebral distraction 171
massage 258–259
mass effect, intracranial 37, 37
mechanical ventilation 250
medulla oblongata, dorsal approach 155–156
megaesophagus 23, 65
meloxicam 247
meningiomas
diagnostic imaging 38, 38
intraoperative ultrasonography 47, 47–48
lateral rostroventral cranectomy 109
spinal 68, 235, 236, 239, 241
suboccipital cranectomy 116
transfrontal craniotomy 100, 101, 105
meningitis 90, 90
meningocele 102
meningoencephalocele 102
mesocephalic dogs
  frontal sinus 99, 100
  transfrontal craniotomy 104
methadone 246, 246
methocarbamol 247–248
methylprednisolone 225, 246, 247
metoclopramide 253
microcytosis 61
micro-Doppler ultrasonography, intraoperative 46
middle cerebral artery 99, 99
Miller–Senn retractors 4, 5
mini-hemilaminectomy see pediculectomy/mini-hemilaminectomy
minimally invasive surgery, endoscope-assisted 160, 202
misoprostol 248
mitral valve disease 26
monocortical screws 14, 18
  cervical distraction and stabilization 170, 173–174, 174, 176, 176
  cervical fracture/luxation repair 211, 211–212
monocytes, CSF 90, 90
monocytosis 61
monopolar electrosurgery 3, 4
morphine 246, 246
MRI see magnetic resonance imaging
muscal bleeding time 25, 25, 63
multifidus cervicis muscle 165, 165, 166, 166
multifidus (thoracis and lumborum) muscles 85–86, 179–180, 185, 194
muscle biopsy 93–96
  pelvic limb 93–96, 94, 95
  thoracic limb 95, 96, 96
myelography 71–74
  artifacts 72, 73
  atlantoaxial subluxation 142
cervical stenotic myelopathy 80
cervical technique 71
CSF analysis prior to 90–91
CT 74, 75, 78–79, 80, 80
degenerative lumbosacral stenosis 225
interpretation 76–78
intervertebral disc disease 71, 78, 79
intramedullary spinal cord lesions 82
lumbar technique 71–72, 72, 85, 88
lumbosacral disease 80
MRI 75
  normal variations 72–73
  side effects 72–73
  spinal tumors 240
tips 73, 73
myelomalacia
  imaging 80, 82
  postoperative monitoring 253
myocardial necrosis, acute 68, 68
N-acetylaspartate/choline (NAA/Cho) ratio 35–36, 36
nasogastric tube feeding 252, 252
nasopharyngeal mass 30
needles, bent 7, 7
negative-profile threaded pins 11, 12
nephroblastoma, extrarenal 239, 239, 241
nerve biopsy 93–96
  pelvic limb 93–96, 94, 95
  thoracic limb 95, 96, 96
nerve hooks 9, 10
nerve roots, surgical injury 188, 203
nerve sheath tumors 239, 239, 240–241
neurogenic cardiomyopathy 68, 68
neurological assessment 21–22, 253
neurological complications
  pediculectomy/mini-hemilaminectomy 188
  thoracolumbar lateral corpectomy 203
ventral slot surgery 161
neuroplasticity 257–258
neurorehabilitation 257–258
neutrophils 61, 90
nitrofurantoin 251
non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) 246, 247, 248
nuchal ligaments 115, 117, 151
nutrition, postoperative 251–253
occipital–atlantoaxial vertebral canal, dorsal approach 155–156
occipital bone, craniectomy 118
occipital dysplasia 117, 118, 118
odontoid process see dens
olfactory lobe
  indications for surgery 100, 101
  surgical approach 102–105, 109
Oliver, J.E. 109, 115
omeprazole 248
omotransversarius muscle 165, 165
opioid analgesics 246, 246
osteosarcoma
  cranial 122
vertebral 66, 235, 238, 241
otitis media 29, 30
packed cell volume (PCV) 22, 23, 24, 60
pain management, postoperative see postoperative analgesia
pantoprazole 248
paradoxical contrast obstruction sign 78, 79
paralysis, permanent 267, 268
parenteral nutrition 253
passive/assisted-active exercises standing position 260–262
water-based 262–264
passive exercises, lateral recumbency 259–260
passive range of motion (PROM) exercises recumbent patients 248, 249
techniques 259, 259–260
paw placement stimulation exercise 261, 263
pediculectomy/mini-hemilaminectomy 183–188
complications 188
dorsolateral approach 184, 184–185, 185, 186
indications 183
lateral approach 184, 185
partial 183, 184, 188
patient positioning 184
postoperative care 188
principles 183–184, 184
surgical closure 188
surgical procedure 185–188, 186–187
with thoracolumbar lateral corpectomy 202
traumatic injuries 209
Pelger–Huët anomaly 61, 62
Pelorus Mark III Stereotactic System 48
percutaneous laser disc ablation (PLDA) 192
periosteal elevators 4, 6
peripheral nerve sheath tumors 239, 239, 240–241
phenobarbital 25–26
phenoxybenzamine 251, 251, 267
physical examination
presurgical 22–23, 59
spinal neoplasia 236–238
physical therapy (physiotherapy)
bad habits 264–265, 265
defined 257
physical modalities 258–259
recumbent patients 248–250, 249
therapeutic exercises 254, 259–264
see also rehabilitation
pin fixation
atlantoaxial subluxation 145, 145
atlantoaxial stabilization 145, 147
atlantoaxial subluxation 145
lumbar puncture 86–87, 87
foramen magnum decompression 115–116, 117
lateral cervical approach 165, 166
lateral (rostrotentorial) craniotomy/craniectomy 109, 111
lumbar puncture 86–87, 87
pediculectomy/mini-hemilaminectomy 184
recumbent patients 266, 266
shunt surgery 131, 132
skull tumors 123, 123
thoracolumbar disc fenestration 193
ventral cervical decompression 157, 157
vertebral fracture/luxation repair 211, 213, 219
positive-profile threaded pins 11, 12
postoperative analgesia 246, 246–248
alternative or adjunctive analgesics 247–248
lumbar puncture 86–87
lateral cervical approach 166–167
ventral slot surgery 161
postoperative care 245–255
nutritional support 253
physical examination
presurgical 22–23, 59
spinal neoplasia 236–238
physical therapy (physiotherapy)
bad habits 264–265, 265
defined 257
physical modalities 258–259
recumbent patients 248–250, 249
therapeutic exercises 254, 259–264
see also rehabilitation
pin fixation
atlantoaxial subluxation 145, 145
atlantoaxial stabilization 145, 147
atlantoaxial subluxation 145
lumbar puncture 86–87, 87
foramen magnum decompression 115–116, 117
lateral cervical approach 165, 166
lateral (rostrotentorial) craniotomy/craniectomy 109, 111
lumbar puncture 86–87, 87
pediculectomy/mini-hemilaminectomy 184
recumbent patients 266, 266
shunt surgery 131, 132
skull tumors 123, 123
thoracolumbar disc fenestration 193
ventral cervical decompression 157, 157
vertebral fracture/luxation repair 211, 213, 219
positive-profile threaded pins 11, 12
postoperative analgesia 246, 246–248
alternative or adjunctive analgesics 247–248
lumbar puncture 86–87
lateral cervical approach 166–167
ventral slot surgery 161
postoperative care 245–255
nutritional support 253
postoperative care (cont’d)
pain management see postoperative analgesia
physiotherapy see physical therapy
recumbent patients 248–250
potassium, serum 62
Potts scissors 9, 10
power-assisted fenestration 191–192, 195
prazosin 251, 251, 267
preanaesthetic assessment, intracranial surgery 21–23
predrilling 12, 14
pregabalin 167
pressure ulcers 248, 248, 266, 266
primitive neuroectodermal tumors (PNETs) 241
proteinuria 63
prothrombin time (PT) 64
pseudohyperkalemia 62
pulmonary masses, multifocal 66, 67
pyuria 63
quadrigeminal diverticula (cysts) 135–136
diverticuloperitoneal shunting 135, 136
fenestration and marsupialization 135–136
preoperative evaluation 32, 135, 135
suboccipital craniectomy 115, 116, 118, 135–136
radiation therapy, spinal tumors 240, 241–242
radiculopathies, CSF analysis 91
radiography
atlantoaxial subluxation 142, 142
degenerative lumbosacral stenosis 224, 224–225
skull 27, 29, 30
spinal neoplasia 240
thoracic see thoracic radiographs
recumbent patients 265–268
bladder management 267
environmental adaptation 267–268
permanent disabilities 267, 268
physiotherapy 248–250, 249
skin integrity 248, 248, 266–267, 266–267
recurrent laryngeal nerve 148, 158
rehabilitation 254, 257–268
bad habits 264–265
defined 257
physical modalities 258–259
recumbent patients 265–268
therapeutic exercises 259–264
renal disease, chronic 23
renal system, evaluation 23
rescue screw 14–15
respiratory assessment, preoperative 22
respiratory complications, cervical spinal surgery 160
resting energy requirements (RER) 252
resuscitation, preoperative 26–27
retractors 3–4, 5
rhizotomy
spinal tumor surgery 240
thoracolumbar lateral corpectomy 200, 203
robenacoxib 247
rongeurs 7, 8
root signature 163
rostral cerebral artery 99, 99
Rottweilers, von Willebrand disease 160
sagittal sinus, dorsal 105, 123, 123
saline irrigation
dorsal cervical laminectomy 153
pin insertion 12
skull tumor resection 124, 124–125
thoracolumbar hemilaminectomy 180
sarcoma
spinal 237–238, 238
ternal 68
schistocytes 60
scissors 9, 10
scoliosis, postoperative 188
scratching/brushing, therapeutic 260, 260
screw fixation
atlantoaxial subluxation 145, 146–147
cervical fractures/luxations 211, 211–212
lumbosacral decompression 229, 230
lumbosacral injuries 219, 220
screws, bone 13–16
cancellous 15
cortical see cortical screws
insertion 14–15
locking 16, 16
main characteristics 13, 14
measuring hole length 14
pitch 13, 14
predrilling 14
rescue 14–15
self-drilling 15, 15, 16
self-tapping 15, 15
tapping 14, 14
thread (major) diameter 13, 14
types 15–16
seizures
frontal lobe lesions 100, 101, 106
post-myelographic 73
prophylaxis 25–26, 254
self-drilling screws 15, 15, 16
self-tapping screws 15, 15
seromas, postoperative 254, 254
cervical distraction and stabilization 177–178
vertebral fracture/luxation repair 220
serratus ventralis muscle 165, 165
serum biochemistry 23, 24, 24, 62–63
shunt passer 132, 133
sinus tachycardia 68
sitting posture, abnormal 262, 265
sit-to-stand exercises 261, 261, 262
skin
infections 23, 89
integrity, recumbent patients 248, 248, 266–267, 266–267
skull
caudal anatomy 115, 117
fractures 29, 43, 43, 110
lateral anatomy 112
reconstruction 125–128, 126–128
surgical anatomy 121–123, 123
survey radiographs 27, 29, 30
skull tumors 121–128
patient positioning 123, 123
postoperative care 128
preoperative imaging 30, 121, 122
surgical anatomy 121–123, 123
surgical technique 123–128, 124–128
three-dimensional printing 121, 122
Small Animal Coma Scale (SACS) 21
soft tissues
elevators 4, 6
imaging 30, 31, 37
infections 89
specific gravity, urine 63
spherocytes 60
spinal cord lesions
complicating lumbar tap 89
imaging 77, 81, 81–82
intramedullary see intramedullary spinal cord lesions
spinal imaging, advanced 71–82
interpretation 76–78
modalities 71–76
specific diseases 78–82
spinal instability, postoperative
cervical spinal surgery 161, 167
disc fenestration 197
thoracolumbar lateral corpectomy 202, 203
spinal needles
cisternal CSF tap 55–56, 56
lumbar puncture 86, 88
myelography 71
spinal neoplasia 235–242
diagnostic evaluation 81, 240
extradural 235, 236, 238–239
intradural/extradural 235, 236, 239,
239, 240
intramedullary 235, 237, 239, 240
lateral cervical approach 164, 164
localization 238–239
medical history 235–236
metastatic 66, 235, 237
modified dorsal–lateral cervical approach 166
nonsurgical therapy 241–242
physical and neurological examination 236–238, 237
surgical treatment 240–241
spinal nerves
disc fenestration 194
lumbosacral dorsal laminectomy 227, 227–228
thoracolumbar lateral corpectomy 200, 201
spinal stabilization procedures
atlantoaxial subluxation 143–146
degenerative lumbosacral stenosis 229, 230
implants used 11–18
instrumentation 9, 10
vertebral fractures/luxations 209, 211–213
see also cervical distraction and stabilization
spinal stapling, fractures/luxations 216–217, 217–218
spinal surgery
advanced imaging 71–82
exercise restriction after 254–255
indicators 59
minimum database 59–68
spinal trauma see vertebral fractures/luxations
spleen muscle 165, 165
splinting, atlantoaxial subluxation 143, 144
spondylosis deformans 223–224
standing exercise 260–261
stapling, spinal fractures/luxations 216–217, 217–218
Steinmann pins 11, 11
cervical stabilization 175, 176
stapling of spinal injuries 216–217, 217–218
stereotactic brain biopsy 48–50
sternocephalicus muscle 158, 158
sternohyoideus muscle 158, 158
String of Pearls” (SOP) plate system 18, 18
cervical fracture/luxation repair 212, 212
lumbosacral injuries 220
thoracolumbar fractures/luxations 215, 217
stroke 39–43
subarachnoid cyst 78, 78
subarachnoid diverticulum 116
subarachnoid hematoma 39, 43
subarachnoid space
air bubbles 72
attenuation 75, 76, 78, 79
deivation 76, 77, 77
focal dilation 78, 78
imaging 72, 76, 77
injection of contrast medium 71, 72, 73, 73
lumbar tap 86, 88
subcutaneous tunneling, shunt surgery 132, 132, 133
subdural hematoma 34, 39
suboccipital craniectomy 115–120
indications 115, 115–117
patient positioning 115–116, 117
quadrigeminal diverticula 115, 116, 118,
135–136
surgical anatomy 115, 117
surgical technique 116–120, 117–119
sucralfate 248
suction, intraoperative 7, 8
superficial digital flexor muscle biopsy 96, 96
supraspinous ligament 86
swimming pool exercises 263–264
tapping
bone hole 14, 14
to stimulate reflexes 260, 260
temperature, intraoperative control 12, 14
temporalis muscle/fascia
lateral rostroventral approach 110, 112, 114
skull tumor resection 123, 123, 124, 125
tenotomy scissors 9, 10
thermal injury 12, 14
thermotherapy 258
thoracic computed tomography (CT) 65, 66
thoracic radiographs
intracranial surgery 22, 24, 24, 25, 25–26
spinal surgery 59, 65, 65, 66, 67
three-view 65, 67
thoracolumbar disc fenestration 193–197
complications 196, 196–197, 197
dorsal approach 194
dorsolateral approach 194
lateral approach 193–194, 193–194
with pediculectomy/mini-hemilaminectomy 188
postoperative care 197
preparation/positioning 193
surgical procedure 194–196, 195–196

thoracolumbar disc herniation
dorsal laminectomy 183
hemilaminectomy 180, 181, 181, 199
lateral corpectomy 199–203
pediculectomy/mini-hemilaminectomy 183–188

thoracolumbar fractures/luxations 213–217
bicortical pin and PMMA fixation 214–215, 215–216
decompression techniques 209
external skeletal fixation 215
implant selection 213–214
plate fixation 215, 217
positioning and approach 213
reduction 214
spinal stapling 216–217, 217–218

thoracolumbar hemilaminectomy 179–182
bilateral 181
indications 179
surgical approach 179–180, 179–180
surgical procedure 180–181, 180–182
traumatic injuries 209
vs lateral corpectomy 199

thoracolumbar lateral corpectomy (TLLC) 199–203
combined with other techniques 202
complications 202–203
instrumentation 200
minimally invasive 202
multiple consecutive 202
results 202–203
surgical approaches 199–200
surgical technique 200–202, 200–202
thoracolumbar myelopathies, CSF analysis 90
thoracolumbar pediculectomy/mini-hemilaminectomy see pediculectomy/mini-hemilaminectomy
thoracotomy, intercostal 199–200
3M craniotome 6, 7
three-compartment concept, vertebral column 209, 210
three-dimensional printed models
aiding skull reconstruction 127, 127
planning skull tumor resection 121, 122
thrombocytopenia 62, 62
thrombocytosis 61–62
thromboelastography (TEG) 64, 65, 65
thyroid disease 23
tibial nerve biopsy 93–95, 94, 95
titanium implants 170, 176
titanium mesh, skull reconstruction 126–128, 127–128
topical analgesia 246
towel clamps 9, 10

toy-breeds dogs
atlantoaxial subluxation 141, 142, 143, 148
congenital hydrocephalus 43, 129
tramadol 247
transfrontal craniotomy 99–107
anatomy 99, 99, 100
complications 105–107, 106
indications 100–102
surgical technique 102–105, 103–105
transiliac approach 200, 229
transverse atlantal ligament 141
transverse sinus 123, 123
trapezius muscle 165, 165
traumatic injuries see head trauma; vertebral fractures/luxations
treadmill walking 261
triceps brachii muscle biopsy 96
trocar tip 11, 11, 12

ulnar nerve biopsy 95, 96, 96
ultrasonic surgical aspirator (CUSA) 6, 7
brain tumor removal 112, 113
skull tumor resection 124, 124
ultrasonography
abdominal see abdominal ultrasound
cranial 30–32, 31, 32
intraoperative 46–48, 47
ultrasound, therapeutic 258, 259
underwater treadmill (UWTM) 264, 264
urinalysis 23, 24, 63
urinary catheterization 250, 251, 267, 267
urinary incontinence 266, 267
urinary tract infections (UTI) 23, 63, 250, 251
urine
evaluation/inspection 63
scald, preventing 266–267

ventilation, mechanical 250
ventral approaches
atlantoaxial subluxation 144–145, 145
cervical disc fenestration 193
cervical spine decompression see ventral cervical decompression
thoracolumbar disc fenestration 196
ventral cervical decompression (ventral slot) 149, 157–161

complications 160–161
disc fenestration 192, 193
inverted cone technique 159, 160
median approach 158, 158
paramedian approach 158, 158
postoperative care 161
preparation 157, 157
slanted slot technique 159–160
surgical procedure 158–159, 159
traumatic injuries 209
video-assisted technique 160
ventral slot see ventral cervical decompression
ventricular premature complexes (VPCs) 68
ventriculoperitoneal (VP) shunt placement 129–134

complications 134
equipment 130–131, 131
indications 130
minimum database 24, 26
postoperative care 134, 134
preoperative preparation 131, 132
prognosis 134
revision 134
surgical technique 131–133, 132–133
see also hydrocephalus
ventrolateral thoracolumbar approaches
disc fenestration 196
lateral corpectomy 199, 200–202, 200–202
vertebral arteries 153, 153, 166
vertebral body plates
cervical distraction and stabilization 174–175, 175
cervical fracture/luxation repair 212, 212–213, 213
thoracolumbar fractures/luxations 215, 217
vertebral distractors 171, 171
vertebral fractures/luxations 209–221
cervical 211–213
decompression techniques 209–211
diagnostic imaging 81, 81
lumbosacral 217–219
mechanics 209, 210
postoperative complications 220–221
postoperative imaging 219–220
preoperative planning 209, 210
surgical instruments 9, 10
thoracolumbar 213–217
three-compartment concept 209, 210
vertebral instability, postoperative see spinal instability,
postoperative
vertebral venous plexus, internal
lateral cervical approach 165, 166
thoracolumbar lateral corpectomy 200, 201, 202–203
ventral cervical decompression 159, 159, 160
vestibular disease 29, 142
Vetrix® BioSIS ECM 125
von Willebrand disease 25, 64, 160
von Willebrand factor (vWF) 64
VP see ventriculoperitoneal
walking, assisted 249, 261
warfarin 64
water rehabilitation 262–264, 264
weight-shifting exercises 261, 262
Weitlaner retractors 3–4, 5
wires, surgical 11, 11–13
wobbler syndrome see cervical spondylomyelopathy
Yorkshire Terrier, atlantoaxial subluxation 142