

Contents

List of Figures	xi
List of Tables	xiii
About the Author	xv
Acknowledgements	xvii
Abbreviations	xix
Introduction	xxv
1 Hardware Design	1
1.1 Separation of Routing and Forwarding Functionality	2
1.2 Building Blocks	2
1.2.1 Control Module	3
1.2.2 Forwarding Module	3
1.2.3 Non-Stop Forwarding	3
1.2.4 Stateful Failover	3
1.3 To Flow or Not to Flow?	4
1.4 Hardware Redundancy, Single Chassis or Multi Chassis	5
2 Transport Media	7
2.1 Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU)	7
2.1.1 Path MTU Discovery	8
2.1.2 Port Density	8
2.1.3 Channelized Interfaces	9

2.2 Ethernet	9
2.2.1 Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)	10
2.2.2 MTU	11
2.3 Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM)	11
2.4 Packet Over SONET (POS)	13
2.5 SRP/RPR and DPT	13
2.5.1 Intelligent Protection Switching	15
2.6 (Fractional) E1/T1/E3/T3	16
2.7 Wireless Transport	17
2.7.1 Regulatory Constraints	17
2.7.2 Interference	17
2.7.3 Obstructions	17
2.7.4 Atmospheric Conditions	18
2.7.5 If it is so bad . . .	18
3 Router and Network Management	21
3.1 The Importance of an Out-Of-Band (OOB) Network	21
3.1.1 Management Ethernet	22
3.1.2 Console Port	22
3.1.3 Auxiliary (Aux) Port	22
3.1.4 Remote Power Management	23
3.1.5 Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)	23
3.2 Network Time Protocol (NTP)	23
3.3 Logging	24
3.4 Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)	24
3.4.1 SNMPv1, v2c and v3	25
3.5 Remote Monitoring (RMON)	26
3.6 Network Management Systems	26
3.6.1 CiscoWorks	26
3.6.2 JUNOScope	27
3.6.3 Non-Proprietary Systems	27
3.7 Configuration Management	27
3.7.1 Concurrent Version System (CVS)	27
3.7.2 Scripting and Other Automated Configuration Distribution and Storage Mechanisms	28
3.8 To Upgrade or Not to Upgrade	31
3.8.1 Software Release Cycles	32
3.9 Capacity Planning Techniques	32
4 Network Security	35
4.1 Securing Access to Your Network Devices	35
4.1.1 Physical Security	36
4.1.2 Authentication, Authorization and Accounting (AAA)	36

4.2	Securing Access to the Network Infrastructure	40
4.2.1	Authentication of Users, Hosts and Servers	40
4.2.2	Encryption of Information	40
4.2.3	Access Tools and Protocols	41
4.2.4	IP Security (IPsec)	43
4.2.5	Access Control Lists	44
4.2.6	RFC 1918 Addresses	45
4.2.7	Preventing and Tracing Denial of Service (DoS) Attacks	46
4.3	Protecting Your Own and Others' Network Devices	47
5	Routing Protocols	49
5.1	Why Different Routing Protocols?	50
5.2	Interior Gateway Protocols (IGP)	50
5.2.1	Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)	51
5.2.2	Authentication of OSPF	53
5.2.3	Stub Areas, Not So Stubby Areas (NSSA) and Totally Stubby Areas	54
5.2.4	OSPF Graceful Restart	55
5.2.5	OSPFv3	56
5.2.6	Intermediate System to Intermediate System (IS-IS)	56
5.2.7	Authentication of IS-IS	57
5.2.8	IS-IS Graceful Restart	58
5.2.9	Routing Information Protocol (RIP)	58
5.2.10	Interior Gateway Routing Protocol (IGRP) and Enhanced Interior Gateway Routing Protocol (EIGRP)	59
5.2.11	Diffusing Update Algorithm (DUAL)	61
5.2.12	Stuck-in-Active	62
5.2.13	Why use EIGRP?	62
5.3	Exterior Protocols	63
5.3.1	Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	63
5.3.2	Authentication of BGP	67
5.3.3	BGP Graceful Restart	68
5.3.4	Multiprotocol BGP	69
6	Routing Policy	71
6.1	What is Policy For?	71
6.1.1	Who Pays Whom?	72
6.2	Implementing Scalable Routing Policies	72
6.3	How is Policy Evaluated?	73
6.3.1	AND or OR?	73
6.3.2	The Flow of Policy Evaluation	73
6.4	Policy Matches	74
6.5	Policy Actions	74

6.5.1 The Default Action	74
6.5.2 Accept/Permit, Reject/Deny, and Discard	74
6.6 Policy Elements	75
6.7 AS Paths	75
6.8 Prefix Lists and Route Lists	75
6.9 Internet Routing Registries	77
6.10 Communities	78
6.11 Multi-Exit Discriminator (MED)	80
6.12 Local Preference	80
6.13 Damping	81
6.14 Unicast Reverse Path Forwarding	83
6.15 Policy Routing/Filter-Based Forwarding	84
6.16 Policy Recommendations	84
6.16.1 Policy Recommendations for Customer Connections	84
6.16.2 Policy Recommendations for Peering Connections	85
6.16.3 Policy Recommendations for Transit Connections	85
6.17 Side Effects of Policy	91
7 Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)	97
7.1 Traffic Engineering	98
7.2 Label Distribution Protocols	99
7.3 Tag Distribution Protocol (TDP)	100
7.4 Label Distribution Protocol (LDP)	100
7.4.1 LDP Graceful Restart	101
7.5 RSVP with Traffic Engineering Extensions (RSVP-TE)	101
7.5.1 RSVP-TE Graceful Restart	102
7.5.2 OSPF with Traffic Engineering Extensions (OSPF-TE)	102
7.5.3 IS-IS with Traffic Engineering Extensions (IS-IS-TE)	102
7.6 Fast Reroute	103
7.7 Integrating ATM and IP Networks	104
7.8 Generalized MPLS (GMPLS)	105
8 Virtual Private Networks (VPNs)	109
8.1 VPNs at Layer 3	109
8.1.1 Layer 3 VPN (RFC 2547bis)	109
8.1.2 Generic Router Encapsulation (GRE)	111
8.1.3 IPsec	112
8.2 VPNs at Layer 2	112
8.2.1 Circuit Cross-Connect (CCC)	112
8.2.2 Translational Cross-Connect (TCC)	113
8.2.3 Martini (Layer 2 circuits)	113
8.2.4 Virtual Private Wire Service (VPWS)	114
8.2.5 Virtual Private LAN Service (VPLS)	116
8.2.6 Layer 2 Tunnelling Protocol (L2TP)	117

9 Class of Service and Quality of Service	119
9.1 Design and Architectural Issues of CoS/QoS	119
9.2 CoS/QoS Functional Elements	120
9.2.1 Classification	120
9.2.2 Congestion Notification Mechanisms	121
9.2.3 Congestion Avoidance Mechanisms	122
9.2.4 Queueing Strategies	124
9.3 QoS Marking Mechanisms	127
9.3.1 Layer 2 Marking	128
9.3.2 Layer 3 QoS	129
9.3.3 MPLS EXP	130
9.4 Integrating QoS at Layer 2, in IP and in MPLS	130
9.4.1 DiffServ Integration with MPLS	131
10 Multicast	133
10.1 Multicast Forwarding at Layer 2	133
10.1.1 Multicast on Ethernet and FDDI	134
10.1.2 Multicast Over Token Ring	134
10.1.3 Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP)	135
10.1.4 IGMP Snooping	136
10.1.5 PIM/DVMRP Snooping	136
10.1.6 Immediate Leave Processing	137
10.1.7 Cisco Group Management Protocol (CGMP)	137
10.2 Multicast Routing	138
10.2.1 Reverse Path Forwarding (RPF) Check	138
10.2.2 Dense Mode Protocols	138
10.2.3 Sparse Mode Protocols	143
10.2.4 Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP)	148
10.2.5 Multiprotocol BGP	149
10.2.6 Multicast Scoping	149
11 IPv6	153
11.1 Evolution and Revolution	153
11.2 IPv6 Headers	154
11.3 IPv6 Addressing	154
11.3.1 Hierarchical Allocations	155
11.3.2 Address Classes	157
11.4 Stateless Autoconfiguration	158
11.5 Domain Name System (DNS)	158
11.6 Transition Mechanisms	159
11.6.1 Dual Stack	159
11.6.2 Network Address Translation—Protocol Translation	159
11.6.3 Tunnelling IPv6 in IPv4	160

11.7 Routing in IPv6	161
11.7.1 IS-IS for IPv6	161
11.7.2 OSPFv3	161
11.7.3 RIPng	161
11.7.4 Multiprotocol BGP	162
11.8 Multicast in IPv6	162
11.9 IPv6 Security	162
11.10 Mobility in IPv6	163
12 Complete Example Configuration Files (IOS and JUNOS Software)	165
12.1 Core Router (P) Running MPLS TE Supporting LDP Tunnelled Through RSVP-TE, No Edge Interfaces, iBGP Only, Multicast RP (Anycast Static) MSDP, PIM-SM (JUNOS)	166
12.2 Core Router (P) Running MPLS TE Supporting LDP Tunnelled Through RSVP-TE, No Edge Interfaces, iBGP Only, Multicast RP (Anycast Static) MSDP, PIM-SM (IOS)	183
12.3 Aggregation Router (PE) Running MPLS L3 and L2VPN Over LDP, BGP Policy to Customers, MBGP, PIM-SM (JUNOS)	192
12.4 Aggregation Router (PE) Running MPLS L3 and L2VPN Over LDP, BGP Policy to Customers, MBGP, PIM-SM (IOS)	213
12.5 Border Router Running MPLS with LDP, BGP Policy to Peers, MBGP, PIM-SM (JUNOS)	222
12.6 Border Router Running MPLS with LDP, BGP Policy to Peers, MBGP, PIM-SM (IOS)	236
12.7 Transit Router Running MPLS with LDP, BGP Policy to Upstream Transit Providers, MBGP, PIM-SM (JUNOS)	242
12.8 Transit Router Running MPLS with LDP, BGP Policy to Upstream Transit Providers, MBGP, PIM-SM (IOS)	257
References	263
Index	265