

## Index

### a

- AAC *see* ADP/ATP carrier
- absorption flattening 244
- absorption frequencies 274–275
- acetylcholine binding 74
- acquaglyceroporin GlpF 202
- active CCR5 137
- adaptive biasing force 194
- ADP/ATP carrier 17–22
  - topology 20
- affinity purification 135
- AFM *see* atomic force microscopy
- alchemical transformations, partition functions 189
- amide *see* protein amide
- amphipathic polymers 23
- amphiphilic compounds 114
- analytical ultracentrifugation (AUC) 91–120
  - absorbance 92
  - aggregation state 91
  - BmrA 101–103
  - buoyant mass 95–96, 99–100
  - composition 97–99
  - detergent-solubilized membrane proteins 99–100
  - diffusion 93
  - experiments, typical 92–93
  - frictional ratio 100–101
  - fringe shifts 92
  - hydrodynamic radius 95
  - interference 92
  - Lamm equation 95
  - macromolecular parameters 95–96
  - mean values 96
  - micellar phase 91
  - molar mass 97–99
  - non-ideality 96–97
  - protein assemblies 91–120
    - SANS/SAXS 116
    - sedimentation 93–102
    - sedimentation equilibrium 96, 103–108
    - sedimentation profiles 92
    - small-angle neutron-scattering 116
    - small-angle X-ray scattering 116
    - solvent density 95
    - Stokes radius 95–96, 100–101
    - Stokes-Einstein law 95
    - Svedberg equation 96
    - theoretical background 93–95
    - typical experiments 92–93
    - zone broadening 93
- anisotropic liquids 63
- antenna proteins
  - high-resolution imaging AFM 150
  - LHCI 297
  - photosynthesis 291, 293
- aquaporins
  - free energy calculations 202–203
  - high-resolution imaging AFM 147–150, 152–153
  - ion conduction 203
  - structure determination 42
  - topographies 150
- aromatic side chains 251
- $\beta$ -arrestin 328
- assays, GPCR constitutive oligomerization 325
- assembled monolayer (SAM) 127
- assemblies 91–120
  - photosynthetic complexes 150–152
  - transmembrane segments 204
- assisted transport phenomena
  - free energy calculations 199–200
  - Gramicidin 199
  - point mutations 198
  - potassium ions 200

- association constants 107–108
- association states 113–114
  - free energy calculations 204–205
  - sedimentation equilibrium 107
- atomic force microscopy (AFM) 141–158
  - asymmetric tip 144
  - bacterial surface layer 145–147
  - cantilever position 143
  - contact-mode 144
  - high-resolution *see* high-resolution imaging AFM
  - limitations 153
  - oscillating-mode 144
  - protein unfolding 145
- ATP synthase
  - detergents 38
  - structure determination 17
- ATP-driven transporters 173
- Na<sup>+</sup>-K<sup>+</sup>-ATPase 113–114
- attenuated total reflectance (ATR) 172–173, 265
  - FTIR 260–263
  - technique 259
- AUC *see* analytical ultracentrifugation
- autotransporters 169–170
  - trimeric 170
- b**
- Bacillus subtilis* 101
- bacterial MFS transporter 179
- bacterial sources, protein structures 5
- bacterial surface layer (S-layer), atomic force microscopy 145–147
- bacteriorhodopsin 16–17
  - folding/unfolding 254
  - neutron diffraction 222–223
  - neutron scattering 219
  - NMR techniques 73
  - oligomerization 22
  - photocycle 17
  - receptor-ligand studies 72–74
  - structure determination 16, 18, 42
- β-barrel proteins 167
  - cavities 164
  - molecular dynamics 161
  - OmpA 163
  - TolC protein family 170
- bicelles 64
- bilayers 3, 220
  - oriented 68
  - *see also* lipid bilayer
- binding
  - free energy 198
  - human growth hormone 123–124
  - receptor-ligand studies 70
- bioluminescence resonance energy transfer (BRET) 315–318, 324–326
  - GPCR activation 326–327
- biosensor assay design 122
- biosensor technology 121–140
  - active CCR5 137
  - assembled monolayer 127
  - erythropoietin binding 125
  - G-protein-coupled receptors 129, 132
  - interactions, extracellular domains 123
  - interleukin-2 126
  - lipid layers 124–131
  - on-surface reconstitution 130
  - protein-lipid interactions 128
  - receptor activity 135
  - rhodopsin capture 133
  - soluble proteins 124
- biosynthetic labeling 221
- bleb approach 129
- BmrA
  - analytical ultracentrifugation 101–103
  - structural parameters 102
- Boltzmann sampling 187
- bond force constants 260
- BRET *see* bioluminescence resonance energy transfer
- BtuCD
  - conformational dynamics 174
  - transmembrane domains 173
- buffers
  - atomic force microscopy 142
  - sedimentation equilibrium 106
- buoyant mass 95–96, 99–100
- c**
- C-terminal translocator domain 169
- Ca<sup>2+</sup>-ATPase 113–114
- cages, molecular 318
- capture/reconstitution 132
- Carb *see* carbamylcholine
- Carb-minus-TMA difference spectrum 281–282
- carbamylcholine 276
- carbamylcholine difference spectra 265
  - receptor-ligand interactions 281
- carbonyl stretching vibration 269

- carboxyatractyloside (CATR) 19
- cardiac glycoside family 76
- carotenoids
  - distortion 300
  - LHCII 297
  - photosynthetic cofactors 295
  - resonance Raman spectra 299
- CATR *see* carboxyatractyloside
- CCR5
  - binding 136
  - isolation 137
- CFP
  - Förster resonance energy transfer 315
  - GPCR Activation 323
- channels 22, 55
  - aquaporins 147, 202–203, 273
  - high-resolution imaging AFM 147
  - potassium *see* potassium channels
  - topologies 6
- chirality
  - circular dichroism 243
  - extrinsic chromophores 252
- chlorophyll molecules
  - LHCII 297, 301
  - photosynthetic cofactors 295
  - resonance Raman spectra 298
  - triplet state 294
- cholecystokinin 1 199
- cholesterol 129
- chromophores
  - circular dichroism 243, 252
  - LHCII 297
  - photosynthesis 291–292
- circular dichroism 243–258
  - absorption 243
  - cell pathlength 247
  - extrinsic chromophores 252
  - ligand binding 252–254
  - low-resolution 243
  - miscalibration 247
  - normalized root mean square deviation 248
  - protein concentration 247
  - secondary structure 244–250
  - tertiary structure
    - fingerprint 250–252
    - unfolding 254–255
- CMC *see* critical micellar concentration
- coherent neutron scattering 216–218
- combined imaging 145–147
- common lines method 40
- complexes
  - detergent-protein 104–105
  - formation 284
  - G-protein-coupled receptors 327–328
- concanavalin A-coated sensor 133
- concentrations
  - data analysis 106
  - sedimentation equilibrium 103
- conformational changes
  - circular dichroism 243–258
  - folding/unfolding 254
  - infrared spectroscopy 259–287
  - LHCII structure 304
  - non-photochemical quenching 296
  - protein side-chain vibrations 272–273
  - secondary structure 249
  - structure determination 43
  - TonB-dependent transporters 168
  - vibrational spectra 282–284
- conformational dynamics 161
  - BtuCD 174
  - LacY 176
  - TolC protein family 171
- conformations
  - OmpA 165
  - Raman spectroscopy 290
  - receptor-ligand studies 71
- constant-force SMD 194
- constant-velocity SMD 195
- constitutive oligomerization 324–326
- contact-mode AFM 141, 144
- control models, homology 179
- coupling parameter 190–192
- critical micellar concentration (CMC) 98
  - definition 9
- cross-sections 215
- cryo-microscopy *see* electron cryo-microscopy
- cryocooling 15
- cryptates 318
- crystal diffraction 218–219
- crystal formation 45
- crystal freezing 14
- crystal quality 14
- crystallization
  - high-resolution structures 9–10
  - integral membrane proteins 284
  - LHCII 305
  - structure determination 44–46
  - vibrational spectra 284–286
- crystallographic structure 301–302

- crystallography
  - general aspects 11–13
  - X-ray 12–13
- cubic phases 10–11
- cytoplasmic membrane transport proteins 172–186
  
- d**
- d-vesicles 224–227
- Deep Blue coelenterazine 316
- denaturation 271
- detergent concentrations 285
  - sedimentation equilibrium 107–108
- detergent-protein complexes 104–105
- detergents
  - 2D crystallization 44
  - analytical ultracentrifugation 99–100
  - definition 9
  - electron cryo-microscopy 38
  - hydrophobic surface 107
  - neutron reflectivity 228
  - non-interacting species 109–110
  - OmpA dynamics 165
  - protein assemblies 91–120
  - secondary structure 247
  - sedimentation equilibrium 107
  - single-particle EM 38
  - structure determination 16
- deuterium exchange 106
- deuterium labeling 222
- dichroic ratio 266
- difference Fourier map 223
- difference spectra 278
  - FTIR 263–264
  - receptor-ligand interactions 281
- diffraction
  - crystallography 12
  - neutron energy determination 218
- diffractometers, neutron scattering 218
- digitalis compounds 76
- dilute aqueous buffers 106
- dimerization 206
- displacements
  - elastic scattering 233
  - FTIR 280
- dissociation constant 107
- disulfide bridge 253
- DMPC lipid bilayer 165
- domain motions 174
- double-differential cross-section 216
- DPC detergent micelles 249–250
- drug efflux system protein 171
- dual-topology paradigm 190–191
  
- dynamics
  - G-protein-coupled receptors 311–334
  - membrane proteins 213–240
  
- e**
- elastic neutron scattering 232–233
  - force constant 233
  - mean square displacements 233–234
- electron cryo-microscopy 31–54
- electron diffraction patterns 49
- electron microscopy (EM) 31
  - liquid helium 33
  - low-dose procedures 32
  - negative staining 36
  - single-particle 33–41
- EM *see* electron microscopy
- embedded proteins 129–131
- energy-resolved experiments 231–233
- energy transfer
  - GPCR Activation 323
  - scattering intensities 232
  - technologies 311–334
- environments
  - infrared spectroscopy 263–266
  - natural 22
  - OMP simulations 165–167
  - solid-state NMR 57
- EPO *see* erythropoietin
- equilibrium
  - alchemical transformations 189
  - free energy calculations 201–202
  - sedimentation *see* sedimentation equilibrium
  - *see also* non-equilibrium
- erythropoietin (EPO) binding 124–125
  - kinetic analysis 125
- Escherichia coli* 148
- euporium cryptates 319
- extracellular domains 123–124
- extrinsic chromophores 252
- eye lens membranes 152
  
- f**
- far-UV spectra 248
  - secondary structure 245
- fast GPCR activation 323–324
- field emission guns 33
- films
  - functional groups orientation 266–267, 282
  - reflectivity experiment 230
  - sample preparation 35

- FLIM *see* fluorescence lifetime imaging
- fluidic mosaic model 312
- fluorescence lifetime imaging (FLIM) 303
- fluorescence resonance energy transfer (FRET) 312–314, 324–326
- fluorescent labeling 320–322
- fluorophores 313
- Förster overlap integral 312
- Förster resonance energy transfer (FRET) 312
  - efficiency 313
  - GPCR activation 326–327
  - signal 314
  - Venus 315
  - *see also* bioluminescence resonance energy transfer
- force measurements 145–147
- Fourier map, neutron scattering 223
- Fourier ring correlation (FRC) chart 40
- Fourier transform infrared spectroscopy (FTIR) 259–287
  - absorption 274–275
  - Carb-minus-TMA difference spectrum 281–282
  - difference spectroscopy 263–264, 278
  - drug binding 280
  - excess buffer 262
  - experimental setup 261
  - extinction coefficients 274–275
  - $\alpha$ -helix orientation 283
  - molar extinction coefficients 274–275
  - nAChR-ligand interactions 281
  - penetration depth 262
  - receptor-drug interactions 278
  - secondary structure 273
  - side-chain vibrations 274–275
  - $^2\text{H}_2\text{O}$  261
  - total reflectance 260–263
- FRC *see* Fourier ring correlation
- free energy
  - assisted transport phenomena 200
  - calculations 187–207
  - changes along a reaction coordinate 192–195
  - Gramicidin 199
  - non-equilibrium simulations 194
  - simulations 194–195
- FRET *see* Förster resonance energy transfer
- fringe shifts 92
- FTIR *see* Fourier transform infrared spectroscopy
- functional groups
  - orientation 266–267
  - orientation changes 282–284
- g**
- G-protein-coupled receptors 311–334
  - assays 325
  - biosensor technology 132
  - capture/reconstitution 131
  - constitutive oligomerization 324–326
  - large signaling complexes 327–328
  - on-surface reconstitution 129–131
  - photoisomerization 72
  - proton pump 72
  - receptor-ligand studies 71
  - signaling complexes 327–328
  - signaling properties 311–334
  - tertiary structure 253
- G-protein-regulated inwardly rectifying K-channels (GIRK) 327–328
- gastric proton pump 75–76
- genome analysis 8
- GFP *see* green fluorescent protein
- GIRK *see* G-protein-regulated inwardly rectifying K-channels
- glucose transporter 179
- glycerol facilitator family 147
- glycolipids 223
- Glycophorin A 205
- GPCR *see* G-protein-coupled receptors
- GPCR activation
  - fast 323–324
  - Förster resonance energy transfer 326–327
- Gramicidin 199
- green fluorescent protein (GFP) 322
  - Förster resonance energy transfer 314
  - mutants 315
- GTPase activity 311
- h**
- $\text{H}_2\text{O}/\text{D}_2\text{O}$  contents 107
  - low-resolution single-crystal studies 227
- H-D labeling 221–222
- halorhodopsin 17
- heavy water 107
  - FTIR 261
  - low-resolution single-crystal studies 227
- heavy-atom method 13
- helical analysis 49–51

- helical periodicity, tubes 49
  - $\alpha$ -helices 246
    - autotransporters 169
    - FTIR 283
    - recognition and association 206
    - secondary structure 253
    - structure determination 42
    - transport proteins 161
  - heterotrimeric G-proteins
    - activation 326–327
    - signaling 311
  - HiA 170
  - high-resolution imaging AFM 147–158
    - antenna proteins 150
    - aquaporins 147–150, 152–153
    - channel proteins 147
    - connexon rings 152
    - core complexes 151
    - *Escherichia coli* 148
    - eye lens membranes 152
    - glycerol facilitator family 147
    - pair correlation function 151
    - protein assembly 153
    - signal-to-noise ratio 154
    - structure determination 46
  - high-resolution structures 3–25
    - diffracted waves 13–14
  - holey carbon films 35
  - homogeneous time-resolved fluorescence (HTRF) 318–320
  - HPA chip 124–125
  - human growth hormone 123
  - human H1 receptor 74
  - human plasma paraoxonase 108
  - human receptor model 199
  - hydrogen-deuterium exchange kinetics 272
- i**
- IL-2 *see* interleukin-2
  - image acquisition 46–49
  - image analysis, cryo-EM 38–41
  - image classification, cryo-EM 38–39
  - image processing 46
  - imaging, atomic force microscopy 141–158
  - incoherent neutron scattering 216–218
    - inelastic 236
  - inelastic scattering 232, 235
  - infrared spectroscopy 263–266
    - Fourier transform *see* Fourier transform infrared spectroscopy
  - integral membrane proteins
    - crystallization 284–286
    - purification 56
  - interactions 116, 124–131
    - biosensor technology 123
    - extracellular domains 123–124
    - fluorescence resonance energy transfer 322–323
    - lipid-protein 276–278
    - neutrons 214–216
    - probing with biosensors 121–140
      - protein-lipid 128
      - receptor-drug 278–281
      - receptor-ligand 281–282
      - van der Waals *see* van der Waals interactions
  - interleukin-2 126
  - intermediate purification steps 141
  - internal passenger domain 169
  - internal reflection element (IRE) 261
  - ion conduction
    - potassium channels 201
    - transport mechanisms 203
  - IRE *see* internal reflection element
  - isotope effect, neutron scattering 214
  - isotope labeling
    - G-protein-coupled receptors 73
    - solid-state NMR 60
  - isotropic liquids 63
- j**
- Jarzynski identity 202
  - junctional aquaporin-0 148–149
- k**
- KcsA
    - K<sup>+</sup> ion channel 75
    - potassium channel 197
- l**
- L1 chip 127
  - labeling
    - biosynthetic 221
    - elastic neutron scattering 233
    - isotope *see* isotope labeling
    - methods 221–222
    - neutron scattering 218
    - radioactive 97
    - solid-state NMR 60–62
  - LacS 71
  - LacY 175–176
  - Lamm equation 95
    - numerical solutions 108–109
  - lanthanide complex 318–319
  - LH2, structural assembly 151

- LHCII 151
- absorption spectra 298
  - aggregation 300
  - crystallographic structure 301–304
  - electronic absorption spectrum 298
  - fluorescence emission spectrum 303
  - monomer 302
  - resonance Raman spectra 297–301, 305
  - trimer 302
- ligand binding 55–88, 265
- circular dichroism 252–254
  - tertiary structure 253
- ligand-receptor interactions
- biosensor analysis 123
  - fluorescence resonance energy transfer 322–323
- light scattering
- circular dichroism 244
  - dynamic 100
- light-harvesting
- Raman spectroscopy 289–308
  - regulation in plants 294–297
- linear dichroism 266
- lipid acyl chain methylene stretching vibrations 279
- lipid bilayer
- DMPC 165
  - nAChR influence 278
  - NMR techniques 69
  - structure determination 43
  - *see also* bilayers
- lipid bilayer packing
- receptor-drug interactions 279
  - vibrational spectra 269
- lipid ester carbonyl stretching 268–269
- lipid layers
- around\_surface-tethered receptors 131
  - biosensor technology 124–131
  - interactions 124–131
- lipid methylene symmetric stretching 269
- lipid surfaces 127
- lipid vibrations 268–269
- lipid-protein interactions, vibrational spectra 276–278
- lipid-to-protein ratio (LPR) 45
- lipidic cubic phases 10–11
- crystal quality 14
- lipids 3
- neutron diffraction 223–224
- lipo/protein surface 129
- lipopolysaccharides 163
- liquid crystals 63
- living cells
- constitutive oligomerization 324–326
  - G-protein-coupled receptors 311–334
- low-resolution single-crystal studies
- small-angle neutron scattering 224, 227
- LPR *see* lipid-to-protein ratio
- lyophilization 59
- m**
- MAD *see* multiple anomalous dispersion
- magic angle spinning (MAS)
- K<sup>+</sup> ion channel 75
  - NMR techniques 64–65, 73
  - stator 67
- magic angle-oriented sample spinning (MAOSS) 70
- major facilitator superfamily (MFS) proteins 172
- MAS *see* magic angle spinning
- MCF *see* mitochondrial carrier family
- MDR *see* multidrug resistance
- membrane films, functional groups orientation 282
- membrane proteins
- assemblies 91–120
  - atomic force microscopy 141–158
  - BmrA 101–103
  - characterization 113–115
  - circular dichroism 243–258
  - complexes 34
  - crystallization 9–10, 284–286
  - cytoplasmic 172–186
  - detergent-solubilized 99–100
  - dynamics 159–240
  - fluorescent labeling 320–322
  - free energy calculations 187–207
  - FTIR *see* Fourier transform infrared spectroscopy
  - future developments 23–25
  - GPCR constitutive oligomerization 324–325
  - high-resolution structures 3–25
  - infrared spectroscopy 259–287
  - interactions 121–140
  - ligand binding studies 55–88
  - measurements of important parameters 97–102
  - models 198–199
  - molecular dynamics studies 161–186

- molecular interaction 89–158
- neutrons 213–240
- non-interacting species 109–110
- oligomerization 22
- outer 161–186
- point mutations 196–199
- recent examples 16–23
- sedimentation velocity analysis 111–113
- solubilized 78, 131–138
- spectroscopies 241–308
- structural approaches 29–89
- structural studies 222–231
- structure determination 14–16
- structure-function relationships 309–334
- topologies 6–8
- transport 172–186
- vibrational spectra 267
- *see also* proteins
- MFS proteins 172
- micelles
  - analytical ultracentrifugation 91
  - definition 9
  - sedimentation velocity 111
- minimal functional unit 102
- mitochondrial ADP/ATP carrier
  - structure determination 17, 20–21
- mitochondrial carrier family (MCF) 19
- mobility
  - OmpA dynamics 166
  - receptor-ligand studies 71
- model building, cryo-EM images 39–40
- models
  - 3-D 47–48
  - free energy calculations 198–199
- molar mass 97–99
- molecular dynamics
  - cytoplasmic membrane transport proteins 172–186
  - outer membrane proteins 163
  - periplasmic proteins 168
  - simulations 161–186
- molecular replacement
  - crystallography 13
  - future developments 24
- monitoring
  - conformational changes 263
  - GPCR constitutive oligomerization 324–325
- monolayer 107
- monomer-dimer equilibrium 103
- mosaic spread
  - functional groups orientation 267
  - symmetric vibrations 269
- MSA *see* multivariate statistical analysis
- mTSPO
  - circular dichroism 249–250
  - tertiary structure 251
- multidrug resistance (MDR) ABC transporter family 101
- multiple anomalous dispersion (MAD) 13
- multivariate statistical analysis (MSA) 38
- mutants
  - fluorescence resonance energy transfer 314–315
  - structure validation 273–276
- n**
- nAChR *see* nicotinic acetylcholine receptor
- NalP 169–170
- nano-drop robots 24
- native membranes 150–153
- near-UV circular dichroism spectra 251
- neoxanthin conformation 304
- neurotensin receptor 74
- neutron diffraction 222–224
- neutron energy determination 218
- neutron reflectivity
  - detergents 228
  - interference pattern 228
  - OmpF 229
- neutron scattering 215–216
  - coherent 216–218
  - contrast 224
  - densities 225
- neutron-scattering, elastic 232–233
- neutron scattering, function 216
  - heavy water concentration 225
  - hydrogen atoms 217
  - incoherent 216–218, 231
  - inelastic 232
  - inelastic 235
  - intensities 232
  - momentum conservation 215
  - off-specular 228
  - quasi-elastic 235
  - radius of gyration 226
  - small-angle 116, 224–227
  - specular 228
- neutron spectrometry methods 214
- neutron spin echo 237
- neutrons 213–240
  - bacteriorhodopsin 219–221
  - for structural studies 222–231

- instruments 218–219
  - interactions with matter 214–216
  - moderation 213
  - production and properties 214
  - purple membrane 219–221
  - reflectivity *see* neutron reflectivity
  - scattering *see* neutron scattering
  - study of structure and dynamics 213–240
  - nicotinic acetylcholine receptor (nAChR)
    - amide bands 277
    - FTIR 274–275, 281
    - functional ability 277
    - receptor-ligand studies 74
    - structure 276–277
    - tubes 50
  - NMR 63–70
    - solid-state *see* solid-state NMR
  - NMR active isotopes, and labeling 60–62
  - non-density-matched detergent 107
  - non-equilibrium methods 178
  - non-equilibrium simulations 201
    - constant-force SMD 194
    - constant-velocity SMD 195
    - free energy 194–195
    - potassium channels 203–204
  - non-equivocal order parameter 205
  - non-interacting species 109–110
  - non-photochemical quenching 295–296
  - non-radiative energy transfer 316
  - NPQ *see* non-photochemical quenching
  - nucleotide binding domains 173
- o**
- off-specular scattering 228
  - oligomerization 22
    - G-protein-coupled receptors 324–326
  - OMP *see* outer membrane proteins
  - OMP simulations 165–167
  - OmpA 163–165
    - dynamics 165
  - OmpF
    - neutron reflectivity 229
    - porins 167, 229
  - order parameter 188
  - orientation
    - functional groups 266–266
    - lipid bilayer 69
    - model building 39
    - vibrational spectra 282–284
  - oscillating-mode AFM 144
  - outer membrane proteins (OMP) 161–186
  - outer membrane transporters 167–172
  - overlapping ensembles 189
  - oxidative stress 294–297
- p**
- p-type ATPases 75–78
  - pair correlation function 151
  - paraoxonase 108
  - partial labeling 61
  - partial specific volumes 98
  - PDB *see* protein data bank
  - PDC *see* protein-detergent complex
  - periodicity, helical 49
  - periplasmic proteins 168
  - perturbation theory
    - alchemical transformations 188–189
    - point mutations 196
  - phases, associated with diffracted waves 13–14
  - phonons 235
  - phospholipid vesicles 225
  - phospholipidosis 127
  - phosphopantetheine transferases 321
  - photosynthesis
    - atomic force microscopy 150–152
    - cofactors 295
    - excitation energy 294
    - fluorescence yield 297
    - high-resolution imaging AFM 151
    - primary electron donor 292
    - Raman spectroscopy 291–292
    - reaction centers 292
  - photosynthetic complexes 150–152
  - photosystem II core 293
  - Pichia pastoris* 113–114
    - expression vector 134
  - PISA *see* polarity index slant angle
  - plants
    - light-harvesting 293–297
    - photosynthesis 292–293
  - point mutations 196–199
    - ammonium 198–199
    - assisted transports 198
    - cholecystokinin 1 199
  - point-spread-function (PSF) 32
  - polarity index slant angle (PISA) 69
  - polypeptide translocation 178
  - porcine gastric membranes 76
  - porins 229
    - outer membrane proteins 167
    - protein molecular dynamics 163

- potassium channels 75
    - anionic conduction 201
    - free energy calculations 200–201
    - hydrophobic gating mechanism 201
    - ion selectivity 197
    - non-equilibrium simulations 203–204
    - point mutations 197–198
    - voltage-gated 201
  - powder shape spectrum 65
  - projection matching method 40
  - protein amide 269–270, 272
    - vibrational spectra 269–273
  - protein assemblies
    - analytical ultracentrifugation 91–120
    - high-resolution imaging AFM 153
  - protein data bank
    - genome analysis 8
    - overview 4–5
    - secondary structure 246
    - statistics 55
  - protein-detergent complexes (PDC) 97, 284
    - definition 9
    - low-resolution single-crystal studies 227
  - protein-ligand binding 55–88
  - protein-lipid-detergent complexes 284
  - protein sources
    - future developments 23
    - structural studies 5–6
  - proteins
    - antenna *see* antenna proteins
    - availability 58
    - $\beta$ -barrel *see*  $\beta$ -barrel proteins
    - backbone vibrations 269
    - conformational changes 263–266
    - crystals 12
    - dehydration 58
    - drug efflux system 171
    - function of 113
    - G- *see* G-protein
    - green fluorescent 314–315
    - interactions 129–131
    - lipid-layer embedded 129–131
    - membrane *see* membrane proteins
    - molecular dynamics simulation 162
    - periplasmic 168
    - sample heating 58
    - secondary structure 273
    - side-chain vibrations 272–273
    - soluble *see* soluble proteins
    - stability 58–59
    - wild-type 58
  - proteoliposomes 302
  - proton transfer 202
  - protruding protein structures 144
  - PSF *see* point-spread-function
  - purification
    - biosensor analysis 122
    - GPCR 131
    - quality 44
    - sample preparation 35
    - solid-state NMR 56
  - purple membrane
    - neutrons 213, 219–221
- q**
- quasi-elastic broadening 232
  - quasi-elastic scattering 235
  - quenching, non-photochemical 295–296
- r**
- radioactive labeling 97
  - radiolabeled detergent 113
  - Raman spectroscopy
    - conformational changes 290
    - crystallographic structure 301–302
    - intra-mode selection 291
    - light-harvesting protein 289–308
    - molecular conformation 299
    - photosynthesis 291–292
    - resonance effect 290
    - signal strength 290
    - stress protection 294–297
    - vibrational levels 289–290
  - Raman studies of LHCII 297–301
  - random conical tilting (RCT) 39–40
  - RDC *see* residual dipolar couplings
  - reaction coordinate 188
    - free energy calculations 192
  - reaction window
    - free energy calculations 190, 193
  - real-time biosensor technology 121–140
  - receptor subunit assembly 124
  - receptor-drug interactions
    - procaine 279–280
    - vibrational spectra 278–281
  - receptor-ligand interactions 281–282
    - distance measurements 71
    - G-protein-coupled receptors 71–74
    - human H1 receptor 74
    - ion channels 74–75
    - soluble alternatives 78

- receptors
  - GPCR 131
  - on-surface reconstitution 129–131
  - ryanodine 37
- recognition
  - free energy calculations 204–206
  - Glycophorin A 205
- recombinant mTSP0 251
- reconstitution
  - G-protein-coupled receptors 129–131
  - labeling 221–222
  - lipid layers 130
  - membrane-solubilized proteins 131
- reflectivity
  - films 230
  - small-angle neutron scattering 227
- Renilla* luciferase (Rluc)
  - BRET 316
  - spectral emission 317
- residual dipolar couplings (RDC) 63
- resolution
  - cryo-EM 40–41
  - solid-state NMR 62
- resonance Raman spectroscopy *see* Raman spectroscopy
- retinal-binding pocket 233
- reversible  $\alpha$ -helix dimerization 206
- rhodopsins 16–17
  - capture 133
  - receptor-ligand studies 72–74
  - *see* bacteriorhodopsin
- Rhodospirillum photometricum* 150–152
- ryanodine receptor 37
  
- S**
- SAD *see* single anomalous dispersion
- salt bridges 164
- SAM *see* self-assembled monolayer
- sample preparation 58–60
  - atomic force microscopy 141
  - carbon films 35
  - electron microscopy 35–38
  - evaporation 37
  - heavy metal salt stain 35–36
  - purification 35
  - salt stain 35–36
  - solid-state NMR 59
- SANS/SAXS 116
  - instruments 218
- sarcoplasmic Ca-ATPase 6, 113–114
- sarcoplasmic reticulum 114
  - small-angle X-ray scattering 116
- scattering
  - light 100, 244
  - neutron *see* neutron scattering
- secondary structure
  - circular dichroism 244–250
  - far-UV spectra 245
  - FTIR 273
  - NMR techniques 69
  - reference data 246
  - sample preparation 59
- SecY gating 177
- SecY protein translocation pore 178
- sedimentation 93–94
  - data analysis 103–116
  - profiles 92, 104
- sedimentation coefficient 93
- sedimentation equilibrium 96, 103–108
  - angular velocities 104
  - association constants 107–108
  - buffers 106
  - concentrations 103
  - detergent concentrations 107–108
  - dilute aqueous buffers 106
  - dissociation constant 107
  - monomer-dimer 103
  - particle mixture 104–105
  - sedimentation velocity 108–116
  - simulations 104–105
  - solvent densities 106–107
  - ultracentrifuge signal 103
- sedimentation equilibrium equation 103–104
  - experimental setup 104–105
- sedimentation velocity 108–116
  - analysis 110–116
    - Lamm equation 110
    - multicomponent systems 112
    - numerical solutions 108–109
    - signal distribution 110
    - simulations 111–113
- self-assembled monolayer (SAM) 127
- self-diffusion properties 194
- sensory rhodopsin (NpSR<sub>II</sub>) 72–74
  - structure determination 17
- sH/sD method 114–115
- sheep lens membranes 152–153
- side chains
  - aromatic 250–252
  - bacteriorhodopsin 16
  - charged 164
  - free energy calculations 191
  - FTIR 264, 274–275
  - infrared spectroscopy 263–266

- ion channels 75
- tertiary structure 251
- vibrational spectra 268, 273
- vibrations 272–273
- sidedness 147
- signal peptides 177
  - autotransporters 169
- signal-to-noise ratio
  - high-resolution imaging AFM 154
  - image classification 38
  - solid-state NMR 57
  - structure determination 46
- signaling proteins 311
- simulated state transitions 172–176
- simulations
  - equilibrium phenomena 201–202
  - non-equilibrium 194
  - protein molecular dynamics 162
- single anomalous dispersion (SAD) 13
- single-crystal studies, small-angle neutron scattering 227
- single-particle electron cryo-microscopy 33–41
- single-topology paradigm 190–191
- size distribution 115
- size-exclusion chromatography (SEC) 102
- small-angle neutron scattering 224–227
- small-angle X-ray scattering 116
- sodium channel 252–253
- sodium dodecylsulfate-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE) 44
- solid-state NMR 55–88
  - environmental effects 57
  - receptor-ligand studies 70
  - short-range distances 56
  - versus solution-state NMR 63–70
- solubilization conditions 134
  - biosensor screening 136
- soluble proteins 109
  - analysis 124–129
  - biosensor technology 124
  - interactions 124–129
  - structure determination 15
- solution-state NMR, versus solid-state NMR 63–70
- solvent densities 99–107
  - analytical ultracentrifugation 95
  - sedimentation equilibrium 106–107
- space scales 232–233
- specimens
  - cryo-EM 36–38
- spectral bands
  - carotenoids 299
  - tertiary structure 250
- spectroscopy
  - circular dichroism 243
  - FTIR 260–264, 273–275, 278, 280–283
  - infrared 259–287
  - Raman 289–308
- specular scattering 228
- staining, electron microscopy 36
- state transitions
  - molecular dynamics 172–176
  - photosynthesis 294
- statistical disorder 15
- steered MD approach 194
- stimulus-response pathways 72
- stochastic dynamics 195
- Stokes radius
  - analytical ultracentrifugation 95–96, 100–101
- Stokes-Einstein law 95
- stratification 193–194
- Streptococcus thermophilus* 71
- stretching vibrations 269
- structural changes
  - attenuated total reflectance 265
  - receptor-ligand studies 71
- structural families 8
- structural genomics 11
- structure determination 14–16
  - atomic force microscopy 141–158
  - circular dichroism 244–252
  - electron cryo-microscopy 31–54
  - free energy calculations 187–207
  - high-resolution 4–16
  - infrared spectroscopy 259–287
  - neutron studies 213–240
  - projection 47
  - Raman spectroscopy 301–302
  - solid-state NMR 62–63, 66
  - two-dimensional crystallization 44–46
- structure factor 12
- structure validation 273–276
- structure-function analysis 4
- supramolecular assembly 150–152
- surface layer (S-layer) 145–147
- surface plasmon resonance 22
- surface-tethered receptors 131
- surfactant densities 106–107
- Svedberg equation 96

symmetric stretching 269  
synchrotron radiation 13

**t**

target immobilization 122  
temperature dependence  
– elastic neutron scattering 233–234  
– incoherent inelastic scattering 236  
temporal selectivity 320  
tertiary structure fingerprint 250–252  
tetra-cystein tag 321  
thermionic electron sources 33  
thin films, reflectivity 230  
time-of-flight spectroscopy 218  
time-resolved FRET (TR-FRET) 318–320  
TMH *see* transmembrane helices  
TolC 170–172  
TonB-dependent transporters 168  
total electron dose 46  
total reflectance FTIR spectroscopy 260–263  
transmembrane domains 173  
transmembrane helices (TMH) 6  
– FTIR 283  
transport equation 93–95  
transport phenomena 199–204  
– *see also* assisted transport phenomena  
transport proteins  
– homology models 178–179  
– intrinsic flexibilities 176  
– molecular dynamics 172–186  
– receptor-ligand studies 71  
transporters 161–186  
– ATP-driven 173  
– complexes 167–172  
– TonB-dependent 168–169  
trimerization 22  
tubes, cryo-EM 48–51  
two-dimensional crystals 41–49  
two-stage model 204–205

**u**

ultracentrifugation *see* analytical ultracentrifugation  
umbrella sampling 193–194  
unfolding  
– atomic force microscopy 145  
– circular dichroism 254–255  
unstained specimens  
– cryo-EM 36–38, 41  
uorocarbon surfactants 24

**v**

van der Waals interactions  
– atomic force microscopy 143  
– topologies 7  
vibrational spectra 267  
– lipid ester carbonyl stretching 268–269  
– lipid methylene symmetric stretching 269  
– lipid-protein interactions 276–278  
voltage-gated potassium channels 201

**w**

water, neutron diffraction 224  
wave-vector 232  
wild-type proteins, availability 58  
worm-like-chain (WLC) model 145

**x**

X-ray crystallography 12–13  
– electron microscopy 31  
X-ray scattering, small-angle 116

**y**

YFP  
– Förster resonance energy transfer 315  
– GPCR activation 323

**z**

zeaxanthin formation 296  
zone broadening 93

