

Index

• Symbols and Numerics •

- * (asterisk) wildcard character, 249
- ? (question mark) wildcard character, 249–250
- . (single dot) current directory, 95
- [] (square brackets) wildcard format, 250
- ~ (tilde) home directory, 95
- .. (two dots) parent directory, 95
- 0-6 run levels, 262
- 10BaseT Ethernet, 124–125
- 100BaseT Ethernet, 124–125
- 802.11a wireless Ethernet standard, 129
- 802.11b wireless Ethernet standard, 128–129
- 802.11g wireless Ethernet standard, 129

• A •

- AbiWord, 57
- absolute pathname, 94
- administration. *See* system administration
- Adobe Acrobat Reader, 60–61, 185, 241
- ADSL (Asymmetric DSL), 110
- alternative newsgroups, 171
- amaroK audio player, 59, 219
- Apache Web server, 16
- application gateway, 290
- Applixware Office, 15
- appointments. *See* calendars
- apropos command, 332
- art newsgroups, 172
- asterisk (*) wildcard character, 249
- Asymmetric DSL (ADSL), 110
- attachments (e-mail), 157
- audio CDs
 - burning, 59, 221–225
 - ejecting, 48
 - inserting, 48
 - playing, 48, 59, 217–218
 - ripping, 59
- audio players, 59, 219–221
- authentication, 290
- automatic command completion, 248
- automatic login, 316–317, 324

• B •

- backdoor, 290
- backups
 - CDs, 225–226
 - tar program, 20
- bash shell
 - automatic command completion, 248
 - capabilities, 244
 - combining commands, 246
 - command line, 49, 245
 - command line options, 50, 245
 - command syntax, 245–246
 - controlling command input and output, 246–247
 - defined, 13, 48
 - repeating commands, 250–251
 - saving error messages, 247–248
 - wildcard characters, 249–250
- bastion host, 291
- /bin directory, 83
- biology newsgroups, 171
- bitnet newsgroups, 171
- Bluetooth wireless technology, 20
- /boot directory, 83
- boot loader, 27, 30, 39–40
- booting
 - defined, 30, 39–40
 - DVD/CD-ROM drive, 26
 - init process, 261–262
- browsers. *See* Web browsers
- buffer overflow, 291
- burning CDs/DVDs, 59, 221–225
- business newsgroups, 171

• C •

CA (Certificate Authority), 291
 cable modem, 107–108, 114–119
 Cable Modem Termination System (CMTS), 116
 cabling, 124
 Calc, 57–58, 197–200
 calculators, 207–208
 calendars
 Evolution, 57–58, 207
 Kontact, 57–58, 205–206
 cat command, 333–334
 cd command, 94, 99
 CD Creator (Nautilus), 225
 CD player application, 59, 217–218
 CD-ROM drive, 25
 CDs
 burning, 59, 221–225
 ejecting, 48
 inserting, 48
 playing, 48, 59, 217–218
 ripping, 59
 central processing unit (CPU), 9–10, 17
 CERT Coordination Center (CERT/CC) Web site, 308
 Certificate Authority (CA), 291
 certificates, 291
 chage command, 295–296
 changing
 directories, 94, 99
 file ownerships, 297
 file permissions, 297–298, 336–337
 run levels, 263
 charts, 215–216
 chat (instant messaging), 56, 163
 checking current run level, 262–263
 chkconfig command, 301
 chmod command, 297–298, 336–337
 chown command, 297
 CIAC (Computer Incident Advisory Capability) Web site, 308
 Clarinet news service, 171
 CMTS (Cable Modem Termination System), 116
 CodeWeavers CrossOver Office, 15
 combining commands, 246
 command line, 49, 245
 command line interface, 13

command line options, 50, 245
 commands. *See commands by name*
 Computer Incident Advisory Capability (CIAC) Web site, 308
 computer newsgroups, 172
 confidentiality, 291
 configuring
 dialup modem, 121–122
 Ethernet LAN, 125–126
 firewall, 304–307
 hardware, 269–270
 Internet superserver, 301–302
 peripheral devices, 19–20
 printers, 45–47
 SUSE Linux, 21–22, 35–37
 TCP wrapper security, 302–303
 connecting peripheral devices, 19–20
 connecting to the Internet. *See Internet connection*
 copying
 directories, 98
 files, 87, 93, 98
 cp command, 98
 CPU (central processing unit), 9–10, 17
 crackers, 287, 291
 creating
 directories, 88, 93, 99
 presentations, 212–213
 slides (presentations), 212
 spreadsheets, 201
 templates (Writer documents), 191
 user accounts, 271–272
 Writer documents, 185–186
 cron jobs, 318–319
 CrossOver Office (CodeWeavers), 15
 cryptography, 293
 current directory, 94
 customizing
 GNOME, 78–79
 KDE, 75–76
 Cyber Alert System, 308

• D •

Dan Bricklin's Web site, 197
 DDoS (Distributed Denial of Service)
 attack, 291
 decoders, 58
 decrypting files, 289, 291

- default permission, 298–299
- default run level, 31
- deleting
 - directories, 87, 93, 99–100
 - files, 87, 93, 99
 - RPM files, 285
 - slides (presentations), 214
 - user accounts, 272
- Denial of Service (DoS) attack, 287, 291
- detecting hardware, 322
- /dev directory, 83
- development environment, 16–17
- df command, 102–103
- Dia graphics application, 60–61
- dialup networking, 107–108, 119–122
- digital camera
 - Digikam interface, 60–61, 228–230
 - downloading photos, 228–229
 - USB Mass Storage, 231–232
- digital music files, playing, 219–220
- digital signature, 292
- Digital Subscriber Line (DSL)
 - Asymmetric DSL (ADSL), 110
 - availability, 109
 - comparison with other connection methods, 107–108
 - costs, 108
 - data-transfer rates, 106–107
 - distance limits, 107
 - DSL modem, 108–109
 - equipment, 107
 - Ethernet hub, 113
 - how it works, 108–109
 - ISDN DSL (IDSL), 110
 - loop length, 109
 - NAT router, 112–114
 - PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE), 114
 - Symmetric DSL (SDSL), 110
 - typical setup, 110–114
- directories
 - absolute pathname, 94
 - /bin directory, 83
 - /boot directory, 83
 - browsing, 86, 89–92
 - changing, 94, 99
 - copying, 98
 - creating, 88, 93, 99
 - current directory, 94
 - defined, 81
 - deleting, 87, 93, 99–100
 - /dev directory, 83
 - disk-space usage, 103
 - /etc directory, 83
 - finding, 100–101, 335
 - /home directory, 84, 95
 - /lib directory, 84
 - listing, 95–98, 333
 - /media directory, 84
 - /mnt directory, 84
 - moving, 99
 - /opt directory, 84
 - parent directory, 95
 - /proc directory, 84
 - relative directory name, 94
 - renaming, 88, 93
 - /root directory, 81, 83–84
 - /sbin directory, 84
 - /srv directory, 84
 - /sys directory, 84
 - /tmp directory, 84
 - /usr directory, 84
 - /var directory, 84
 - viewing, 85–87, 89–91
- disk partition, 23
- disk-space usage, 102–103
- display adapter, 25
- Distributed Denial of Service (DDoS)
 - attack, 291
- distributions of Linux, 11–12
- distrowatch.com Web site, 328
- DMZ, 292
- document scanning, 232–237
- documentation, 17
- documents. *See* Writer documents
- domain names, 156
- DoS (Denial of Service) attack, 287, 291
- downloading
 - patches, 273, 275–277
 - photos from digital camera, 228–229
 - RPMs, 329
 - SUSE Linux, 328
 - SUSE Linux source code, 343
 - templates (Writer documents), 191
- Draw, 60–61
- DSL (Digital Subscriber Line). *See* Digital Subscriber Line
- du command, 102–103, 269
- dual-homed host, 292

- DVD (included in book)
 - freeware programs, 343
 - shareware programs, 343
 - SUSE Linux installation, 342
 - system requirements, 341
 - troubleshooting, 344
- DVD/CD-ROM drive, 25
- DVDs
 - burning, 59, 221–225
 - ejecting, 48
 - inserting, 48
 - playing, 48

● E ●

- editing
 - files, 339
 - photos, 230
 - Writer documents, 188–189
- 802.11a wireless Ethernet standard, 129
- 802.11b wireless Ethernet standard, 128–129
- 802.11g wireless Ethernet standard, 129
- ejecting CDs/DVDs, 48
- e-mail
 - attachments, 157
 - domain names, 156
 - Evolution, 160–163
 - how it works, 156
 - HTML messages, 157–158
 - KMail, 56, 158–160
 - mail-transfer agent (MTA), 156–157
 - mail-user agent (MUA), 156–157
 - Novell Evolution, 56
 - phishing, 158
- encrypting files, 289, 292
- engineering newsgroups, 172
- Epiphany Web browser, 146, 153–154
- error messages, 247–248
- /etc directory, 83
- Ethernet cards, 123–125
- Ethernet hub, 113
- Ethernet LAN
 - cabling, 124
 - configuring, 125–126
 - data-transfer rates, 124
 - defined, 123
 - Internet connection, 126–127
 - mixing and matching computers, 128

- 100BaseT Ethernet, 124–125
- 10BaseT Ethernet, 124–125
- wireless access, 124, 128–134
- Evolution
 - calendar, 56–58, 207
 - e-mail, 160–163
- Excel (Microsoft), 197
- execute (x) permission, 97
- expiration dates for passwords, 295–296
- exploit tools, 292
- Eye of GNOME image viewer, 60–61, 239–240

● F ●

- fax viewer, 60–61
- fields in Writer documents, 195–196
- file managers
 - Konqueror, 85–88
 - Nautilus, 88–93
- file sharing, 20
- file systems
 - backups, 20
 - defined, 20, 81
 - mounting, 19, 101–102
 - sharing, 20
 - SUSE Linux, 81–84
 - unmounting, 101–102
- file-creation mask, 298–299
- filenames, 82
- files
 - browsing, 86, 89–92
 - copying, 87, 93, 98
 - decrypting, 289, 291
 - deleting, 87, 93, 99
 - editing, 339
 - encrypting, 289, 292
 - finding, 82, 100–101, 335
 - integrity, 292
 - integrity-checking tools, 289
 - listing, 96–98, 333
 - moving, 87, 92–93, 99
 - ownerships, 296–297
 - pathnames, 82–83
 - permissions, 97, 296–300, 336–337
 - renaming, 88, 93, 99
 - searching text, 334–335
 - symbolic link, 97
 - viewing, 85–87, 89–92

find command, 100–101
 finding
 directories, 100–101, 335
 files, 82, 100–101, 335
 large files, 319–320
 RPMs, 320
 software, 277–278
 Firefox Web browser, 146, 154
 firewall
 configuring, 304–307
 defined, 21, 288, 292
 NAT (Network Address Translation), 307
 FOCUS-LINUX mailing list, 308
 folders. *See* directories
 forums, 328–329
 Free Software Foundation (FSF), 14
 FTP server, 16
 function keys (SUSE installer boot screen), 28

• G •

GAIM IM client, 166–168
 gecko mascot, 324
 GGV PostScript Viewer, 60–61, 241–242
 GIMP (GNU Image Manipulation Program)
 features, 15, 60–61
 installing, 237
 opening image files, 238
 plugins, 237
 toolbox, 238–239
 User Manual, 239
 GNOME (GNU Network Model Environment)
 calculator, 207
 CD player application, 59, 217–218
 Clipboard tool, 44
 clock, 44
 context menus, 67–68
 customizing, 78
 desktop icons, 44, 67
 features, 14–15
 help, 17
 hide panel, 44
 home folder, 44
 icon context menus, 68–69
 initial screen, 40–41
 launcher applets, 77
 logging in, 40–41

 logging out, 45
 Main Menu, 43–45, 70–73
 panels, 43, 67, 69–70, 77
 personal information manager, 44
 power management tool, 44
 SUSE Hardware tool, 44
 SUSE Help Center, 44
 SUSE Watcher, 44
 terminal program, 44
 terminal window, 93, 243
 virtual console, 243
 volume control, 44
 Web browser, 44
 Workspace Switcher, 44
 GNOME PDF Viewer, 60–61
 GNOME Web site, 77
 GnomeMeeting videoconferencing, 57
 GNU General Public License (GPL), 12, 14
 GNU Image Manipulation Program (GIMP).
 See GIMP
 GNU Network Model Environment
 (GNOME). *See* GNOME
 GNU Privacy Guard (GnuPG), 289
 GNU Project, 14
 GNU software, 13
 Gnumeric, 57
 Google Groups Web site, 181
 GPL (GNU General Public License), 12, 14
 graphical user interface (GUI), 14
 graphics
 presentations, 215–216
 Writer documents, 194–195
 graphics applications, 60–61
 grep command, 50, 334–335
 Grip, 59
 groups, 271–272
 GRUB boot loader, 30, 39–40
 GUI (graphical user interface), 14
 Gwenview image viewer, 60–61, 239–240

• H •

hackers, 158
 handouts (presentations), 215
 hard drive, 18, 25
 hardware compatibility, 26
 hardware configuration, 37, 269–270
 hardware (defined), 9
 hardware detection, 322

- hardware requirements, 24–26
- hash, 292
- hdparm program, 268–269
- help, 17
- history of commands, 250
- /home directory, 84, 95
- host, 292
- host security issues, 288–289, 295
- hot plugs, 20
- HTML e-mail messages, 157–158
- HTML (Hypertext Markup Language), 142
- HTTP (Hypertext Transfer Protocol), 142
- hypertext links, 143

• 1 •

- ICMP (Internet Control Message Protocol), 136
- ISDL (ISDN DSL), 110
- IEEE (Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers) newsgroups, 172
- ifconfig command, 135–136
- IM clients
 - GAIM, 166–168
 - Kopete, 164–166
- IM (instant messaging), 56, 163
- image applications, 60–61
- image editors
 - Digikam Image Editor, 230
 - The GIMP, 60–61, 237–239
- image viewers, 60–61, 239–240
- Impress, 57–58, 208–212
- init command, 263
- init process, 261–262
- innd news server, 16
- inserting CDs/DVDs, 48
- inserting slides (presentations), 212
- installing
 - GIMP (GNU Image Manipulation Program), 237
 - patches, 273, 275–277
 - RPM files, 279–280, 284
 - security updates, 289
 - software, 30, 277–278
- installing SUSE Linux
 - boot loader, 27
 - booting from the DVD/CD-ROM drive, 26
 - from CD or DVD, 26–27
 - from companion DVD, 342

- disk partition, 23
- ease of, 322–323
- FTP server, 313–316
- hardware compatibility, 26
- hardware configuration, 37
- hardware requirements, 24–26
- laptops, 329
- release notes, 37
- screen resolution, 28
- step-by-step directions, 23–24
- SUSE installer boot screen, 27–28
- Windows partition, 31–33
- YaST graphical installer, 24, 28–38
- instant messaging (IM), 56, 163
- Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) newsgroups, 172
- integrity (of data), 292
- InterBulletin Web site, 181
- Internet connection
 - cable modem, 107–108, 114–119
 - dialup modem, 107–108, 119–122
 - Digital Subscriber Line (DSL), 106–114
 - Ethernet LAN, 126–127
 - firewall, 21
 - security risks, 287–288
 - testing, 35
- Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP), 136
- Internet (defined), 105–106
- Internet Protocol (IP), 106
- Internet radio stations, 220
- Internet service provider (ISP), 107
- Internet services
 - list of, 16
 - security, 301
- Internet superserver, 301–302
- IP (Internet Protocol), 106
- IP routing table, 136
- IP spoofing, 293
- IP telephone, 57
- IPSec (IP Security Protocol), 292
- ISDN DSL (ISDL), 110
- ISO image files, 313
- ISP (Internet service provider), 107



- juK audio player, 59, 219–220

• **K** •

- K-12 newsgroups, 172
- Kaffeine video player, 59
- K3b CD/DVD burning application, 59, 221–225
- KDE (K Desktop Environment)
 - Application Starter, 74
 - automatic login, 316–317, 324
 - calculator, 207–208
 - CD player application, 217–218
 - Clipboard tool, 44
 - clock, 44
 - context menus, 67–68
 - Control Center, 75–76
 - customizing, 75–76
 - desktop icons, 44, 67
 - Desktop Pager, 44
 - features, 14–15
 - help, 17
 - hide panel, 44
 - home folder, 44
 - icon context menus, 68–69
 - initial screen, 40, 74
 - logging in, 40–41
 - logging out, 45
 - Main Menu, 43–45, 70–73
 - moving windows, 74
 - panels, 43, 67, 69–70, 74
 - personal information manager, 44
 - power management tool, 44
 - resizing windows, 74
 - SUSE Hardware tool, 44
 - SUSE Help Center, 44
 - SUSE Watcher, 44
 - terminal program, 44
 - terminal window, 93, 243
 - virtual console, 243
 - volume control, 44
 - Web browser, 44
- KDE Web site, 74
- kdetv TV player, 59–60
- kernel, 11–12
- keyboard
 - compatibility of different types, 25
 - layout, 30
- KFax fax viewer, 60–61
- KGhostview, 60–61, 241–242
- kino video editor, 59–60

- KMail, 56, 158–160
- KNode newsreader, 57, 174–177
- knowledgebase (SUSE Linux Web site), 312, 328
- Konqueror file manager, 85–88
- Konqueror Web browser, 88, 146–149
- Contact Personal Information Manager, 57–58, 205–206
- Kooka scanning application, 234–237
- Kopete IM client, 164–166
- KsCD, 59
- KWallet, 165

• **L** •

- LAN (local area network)
 - Ethernet cabling, 123–126
 - Ethernet cards, 123–125
 - Internet connection, 127
 - mixing and matching computers, 128
 - wireless access, 128–134
- language settings, 31
- laptop support, 324, 329
- layers (slides), 214
- LDAP (Lightweight Directory Access Protocol), 36
- /lib directory, 84
- links (Web pages), 142–143
- Linux distributions, 11–12
- Linux Documentation Project Web site, 330
- Linux kernel, 11–12
- Linux newsgroups, 172–173
- Linux security newsgroups, 308
- Linuxhq.com Web site, 330
- LinuxQuestions.org Web site, 329
- listing
 - directories, 95–98, 333
 - files, 96–98, 333
- local area network (LAN). *See* LAN
- locate command, 101, 335
- log files, 289
- logging in
 - KDE/GNOME, 40–41
 - root user, 257
- logging out of KDE/GNOME, 45
- logic bombs, 293
- loop length, 109
- Lotus 1-2-3, 197
- ls command, 95–98, 296, 333

• M •

mail clients, 155
 Mailgate Web site, 181
 mailing lists, 308, 312
 mail-transfer agent (MTA), 156–157
 mail-user agent (MUA), 156–157
 man command, 17, 332–333
 man pages (manual pages), 17, 332–333
 master handouts (presentations), 215
 master notes (presentations), 215
 master slide (presentations), 214
 /media directory, 84
 memory, 10, 17, 25
 microprocessor, 9–10, 17
 Microsoft Excel, 197
 Microsoft Office, 183
 Microsoft PowerPoint, 58
 Microsoft Word, 184
 miscellaneous newsgroups, 172
 mkdir command, 99
 /mnt directory, 84
 mode installation setting, 30
 modems
 cable modem, 107–108, 114–119
 dialup modem, 107–108, 119–122
 drivers, 26
 DSL modem, 108–109
 soft modems, 26
 war-dialing, 295
 moderated newsgroups, 172
 monitor, 25
 monitoring performance, 265–269
 more command, 51
 mount command, 19, 101–102
 mounting
 file systems, 19, 101–102
 USB memory stick, 323
 Windows partition, 323
 mouse, 25, 30
 moving
 directories, 99
 files, 87, 92–93, 99
 Mozilla Web browser, 146, 149–153
 MTA (mail-transfer agent), 156–157
 MUA (mail-user agent), 156–157
 multimedia applications, 58–60
 multitasking operating system, 10–11
 multiuser operating system, 10–11

music files, playing, 219–220
 mv command, 99

• N •

NAT (Network Address Translation),
 112, 307
 NAT router, 112–114
 Nautilus file manager
 browsing files/folders, 89–92
 CD Creator, 225–226
 copying files, 93
 creating folders, 93
 deleting files/folders, 93
 features, 88–89
 moving files, 92–93
 renaming files/folders, 93
 viewing files/folders, 89–92
 Network Address Translation (NAT),
 112, 307
 network authentication methods, 36
 Network Information System (NIS), 36
 network interface card (NIC), 25
 network interfaces, 135–136
 Network News Transfer Protocol
 (NNTP), 170
 network protocols, 15
 network security issues, 289–290
 network settings, 35
 networking, 15, 20–21
 new releases, 312–313
 news readers, 57
 news server, 16
 newsgroups
 categories, 171–173
 hierarchy, 170–171
 how they work, 169–170
 Linux security, 308
 posting news, 179–180
 reading, 173–181
 searching, 181
 subscriptions, 179
 newsreaders
 KNode, 57, 174–177
 Pan, 174, 177–179
 News2Web Web site, 181
 NIC (network interface card), 25
 NIS (Network Information System), 36

NNTP (Network News Transfer Protocol), 170

nonrepudiation, 293

notes (presentations), 215

Novell Evolution

calendar, 56–58, 207

e-mail, 160–163

Novell Web site, 308

• 0 •

office applications, 57–58

100BaseT Ethernet, 124–125

online documentation, 17

online forums, 328–329

Open Secure Shell (OpenSSH), 303–304

open source (defined), 11

Open Source Initiative Web site, 11

OpenOffice.org

Calc, 57–58, 197–200

Draw, 60–61

features, 15

Impress, 57–58, 208–212

Writer, 57, 184–187

operating system (defined), 10–11

/opt directory, 84

organizer, 57–58. *See also* calendars

ownerships (of files), 296–297

• p •

packet filtering, 293, 305

packet sniffers, 294

packets (defined), 293

Packman Web site, 320, 329

Pan newsreader, 57, 174, 177–179

parent directory, 95

partitioning, 30

passwords

expiration dates, 295–296

resetting the root password, 257–258

“strong” passwords, 288

patches, 273, 275–277

pathnames, 82–83

PDF viewers, 60–61, 241

performance monitoring, 265–269

perimeter network, 293

peripheral devices, 17, 19–20

permissions

changing, 297–298, 336–337

default permission, 298–299

execute (x), 97

read (r), 97

set user ID permission, 300

viewing, 296

write (w), 97

phishing, 158

photo editors

Digikam Image Editor, 230

GIMP, 60–61, 237–239

photos

downloading from digital camera,
228–229

editing, 230

scanning, 232–237

viewing, 228–229, 239–240

pico text editor, 339

ping command, 136–137

PKI (Public-Key Infrastructure), 294

playing

audio CDs, 48, 59, 217–218

DVDs, 48, 59

Internet radio stations, 220

multimedia files, 58

music files, 219–220

streaming audio, 220–221

TV, 59–60

popularity of SUSE Linux, 325

port scanning, 293

port-scanning tool, 301

posting news articles, 179–180

PostScript viewers, 60–61, 241–242

PowerPoint (Microsoft), 58

PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE), 114

presentation applications

Microsoft PowerPoint, 58

OpenOffice.org Impress, 57–58, 208–212

presentations, 212–216

printer configuration, 45–47

printing PDF/PostScript documents,
241–242

/proc directory, 84

processes

init process, 261–262

starting, 264–265

stopping, 264–265

processor speed, 25

productivity applications, 15
 proxy server, 293
 ps command, 51
 public-key cryptography, 293
 Public-Key Infrastructure (PKI), 294
 pwd command, 94

• Q •

querying RPM files, 282–284
 question mark (?) wildcard character, 249–250

• R •

radio stations, 220
 RAM (Random Access Memory), 17, 25
 read (r) permission, 97
 reading man pages (manual pages), 332–333
 reading newsgroups
 KNode newsreader, 57, 174–177
 Pan newsreader, 174, 177–179
 Web sites, 180–181
 RealPlayer 10, 59, 219–220
 rearranging slides (presentations), 214
 rebooting, 318
 recreational newsgroups, 172
 Red Hat Package Manager (RPM) files.
 See RPM files
 relative directory name, 94
 release notes, 37
 remote logins, 290, 303–304
 removing. *See* deleting
 renaming
 directories, 88, 93
 files, 88, 93, 99
 repeating commands, 250–251
 resetting the root password, 257–258
 resolution of the screen, 28
 reviewing Writer documents, 188–189
 ripping CDs, 59
 rm command, 99
 rmdir command, 99–100
 /root directory, 81, 83–84
 root password, resetting, 257–258
 root user, 35, 41, 257
 route command, 136

routing table, 136
 rpm command, 281–285, 320, 337
 RPM (Red Hat Package Manager) files
 downloading, 329
 filenames, 281–282
 finding, 320
 installing, 279–280, 284
 querying, 282–284
 uninstalling, 285
 upgrading, 285
 run levels
 changing, 263
 checking current run level, 262–263
 default run level, 31
 starting, 264–265
 stopping, 264–265
 0-6 run levels, 262
 runlevel command, 262–263
 Runlevel Editor (YaST), 264

• S •

Samba, 20
 SANE (Scanner Access Now Easy), 234
 saving
 error messages, 247–248
 presentations, 212
 /sbin directory, 84
 scanning photos/documents, 232–237
 science newsgroups, 172
 screen resolution, 28
 screening router, 294
 scripts, 49
 SCSI controller, 25
 SDB (SUSE support database), 328
 SDSL (Symmetric DSL), 110
 searching
 man pages (manual pages), 332
 newsgroups, 181
 text in files, 334–335
 Secure Shell (SSH), 303–304
 security
 application gateway, 290
 authentication, 290
 backdoor, 290
 bastion host, 291
 buffer overflow, 291
 Certificate Authority (CA), 291
 certificates, 291

- confidentiality, 291
- crackers, 287, 291
- cryptography, 293
- Cyber Alert System, 308
- decrypting files, 289, 291
- Denial of Service (DoS) attack, 287, 291
- digital signature, 292
- Distributed Denial of Service (DDoS) attack, 291
- DMZ, 292
- dual-homed host, 292
- encrypting files, 289, 292
- exploit tools, 292
- file integrity, 289
- firewall, 288, 292, 304–307
- hash, 292
- host, 292
- host security issues, 288–289, 295
- integrity (of data), 292
- Internet, 287–288
- Internet services, 301
- Internet superserver, 301–302
- IP spoofing, 293
- IPSec (IP Security Protocol), 292
- log files, 289
- logic bombs, 293
- mailing lists, 308
- Network Address Translation (NAT), 307
- network security issues, 288–290
- news, 308
- newsgroups, 308
- nonrepudiation, 293
- packet filtering, 293, 305
- packets, 293
- passwords, 288, 295–296
- perimeter network, 293
- port scanning, 293
- proxy server, 293
- public-key cryptography, 293
- Public-Key Infrastructure (PKI), 294
- remote logins, 290, 303–304
- screening router, 294
- setuid program, 294
- sniffers, 294
- spyware, 294
- stand-alone servers, 301
- symmetric-key encryption, 294
- TCP wrappers, 302–303
- threats, 294
- Trojan horses, 294
- updates, 289, 308
- viruses, 294
- vulnerabilities, 294
- war-dialing, 295
- war-driving, 295
- wireless networks, 130
- worms, 295
- Sendmail: Mail server, 16
- set user ID permission, 300
- setuid program, 294
- setuid programs, 300
- sharing files, 20
- shell. *See* bash shell
- shell commands, 49–50
- shell scripts, 49
- shielded twisted-pair cables, 124
- shutting down, 52–53
- Simple Mail-Transfer Protocol (SMTP), 156
- single dot (.) current directory, 95
- slides (presentations), 212–216
- SMTP (Simple Mail-Transfer Protocol), 156
- sniffers, 294
- social issues newsgroups, 172
- soft modem, 26
- software
 - finding, 277–278
 - installing, 30, 277–278
- software development, 16–17
- software patches
 - downloading, 273, 275–277
 - installing, 273, 275–277
- sound card, 26
- source code, 343
- speaker's notes (presentations), 216
- spreadsheet programs
 - Calc, 57–58, 197–200
 - Lotus 1-2-3, 197
 - Microsoft Excel, 197
 - VisiCalc, 197
- spreadsheets, 201–204
- spyware, 294
- square brackets ([]) wildcard format, 250
- /srv directory, 84
- SSH (Secure Shell), 303–304
- sshd Internet server, 16
- sshd server, 303–304
- Stallman, Richard, creator of the GNU Project, 14

stand-alone server security, 301
 StarOffice (Sun Microsystems), 15
 starting
 processes, 264–265
 SUSE Linux, 39–40
 stopping processes, 264–265
 streaming audio, 220–221
 “strong” passwords, 288
 subscribing to newsgroups, 179
 Sun Microsystems StarOffice, 15
 SUSE installer boot screen, 27–28
 SUSE knowledgebase, 328
 SUSE Linux
 configuring, 21–22, 35–37
 development history, 311
 downloading, 328
 gecko mascot, 324
 growth in U.S. market, 1
 ISO image files, 313
 new releases, 312–313
 online forums, 328–329
 popularity, 325
 pronunciation, 311–312
 shutting down, 52–53
 source code, 343
 starting, 39–40
 updates, 273, 308
 version numbers, 13
 SUSE Linux Hardware Database, 26
 SUSE Linux installation. *See* installing
 SUSE Linux
 SUSE Linux Professional, 1
 SUSE Linux Web site, 12, 327–328
 SUSE portal Web site, 328
 SUSE support database (SDB), 328
 symbolic link, 97
 Symmetric DSL (SDSL), 110
 symmetric-key encryption, 294
 /sys directory, 84
 system administration
 defined, 18, 255
 managing users/groups, 271–272
 resetting the root password, 257–258
 root user, 257
 tasks, 255–257
 YaST Control Center, 259–261

system installation setting, 30
 system requirements for companion
 DVD, 341
 system users, 271

• T •

tar command, 337–338
 tar program, 20
 TCP wrappers, 302–303
 TCP/IP (Transmission Control
 Protocol/Internet Protocol), 15
 telinit command, 263
 templates (Writer documents), 189, 191–192
 Temporal Key-Integrity Protocol (TKIP), 130
 10BaseT Ethernet, 124–125
 terminal window, 93, 243
 testing
 Internet connection, 35
 IP routing table, 136
 network connections, 136–137
 network interfaces, 135–136
 threats to security, 294
 tilde (~) home directory, 95
 time zone, 30
 TKIP (Temporal Key-Integrity Protocol), 130
 /tmp directory, 84
 top utility, 265–267
 Totem Movie Player, 59
 Transmission Control Protocol/Internet
 Protocol (TCP/IP), 15
 Tripwire file integrity-checking tool, 289
 Trojan horses, 294
 troubleshooting the DVD, 344
 TV players, 59–60
 two dots (. .) parent directory, 95

• U •

umask command, 298–299
 uname command, 50–51
 Uniform Resource Locator (URL), 143–145
 uninstalling RPM files, 285
 United States Computer Emergency
 Readiness Team (US-CERT) Web
 site, 308

Universal Serial Bus (USB) interface, 20
 unmount command, 102
 unmounting file systems, 101–102
 unshielded twisted-pair cables, 124
 updates
 security, 289, 308
 YaST Online Update (YOU), 273–277, 323
 upgrading RPM files, 285
 uptime command, 267–268
 URL (Uniform Resource Locator), 143–145
 USB memory stick, 323
 USB (Universal Serial Bus) interface, 20
 US-CERT National Cyber Alert System
 mailing list, 308
 US-CERT (United States Computer
 Emergency Readiness Team) Web
 site, 308
 Usenet newsgroups. *See* newsgroups
 Usenet Replayer Web site, 181
 user accounts, 271–272
 /usr directory, 84

• U •

/var directory, 84
 vector drawing, 60–61
 version numbers, 12–13
 video card, 25
 video editors, 59–60
 video players, 59
 videoconferencing, 57
 viewing
 directories, 85–87, 89–92
 files, 85–87, 89–92
 man pages (manual pages), 332–333
 ownerships, 296
 PDF documents, 241
 permissions, 296
 photos, 228–229, 239–240
 PostScript documents, 241–242
 slides (presentations), 214
 virtual consoles, 244
 viruses, 294
 VisiCalc, 197
 vsftpd FTP server, 16
 vulnerabilities, 294

• W •

w (write) permission, 97
 wallpaper
 GNOME, 78–79
 KDE, 75–76
 war-dialing, 295
 war-driving, 295
 Web browsers
 defined, 141
 Epiphany, 146, 153–154
 Firefox, 146, 154
 GNOME, 43–44, 56
 how they work, 145–146
 KDE, 42, 44, 56
 Konqueror, 88, 146–149
 Mozilla, 146, 149–153
 Web pages
 HTML (Hypertext Markup Language), 142
 links, 142–143
 Uniform Resource Locator (URL), 143–145
 Web servers, 142, 145–146
 Web sites. *See* *Web sites by name*
 WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy), 130
 Wi-Fi Alliance Web site, 129
 Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA), 130
 wildcard characters, 249–250
 Wiley Product Technical Support, 344
 Windows partition, 31–33, 323
 Windows shares, 324
 win-modem, 26
 Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP), 130
 wireless networks
 access points, 130–132
 Bluetooth wireless technology, 20
 Ethernet standards, 124, 128–129
 war-driving, 295
 Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP), 130
 wireless network cards, 130–134
 Word (Microsoft), 184
 word processing, 57–58
 worms, 295
 WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access), 130
 write (w) permission, 97
 Writer, 57, 184–187
 Writer documents

- creating, 185
- editing, 188–189
- fields, 195–196
- graphics, 194–195
- large documents, 196–197
- master documents, 196–197
- page layouts, 192–194
- paragraph formatting, 189
- presentation outlines, 213
- reviewing, 188–189
- styles, 189–190
- Stylist, 190
- templates, 189, 191–192

• X •

- x (execute) permission, 97
- X Window System, 14
- xinetd server, 301–302
- XMMS audio player, 59, 220–221

• Y •

- YaST
 - command line, 322
 - Control Center, 259–261, 322
 - Ethernet configuration, 125–126

- finding software, 277–278
- firewall configuration, 305–307
- GNU General Public License (GPL), 322
- hardware configuration, 269–270
- installing RPM files, 279–280
- installing software, 277–278
- installing SUSE Linux, 24, 28–38
- modem configuration, 121–122
- printer configuration, 45–47
- Runlevel Editor, 264
- scanner configuration, 232–233
- YaST Online Update (YOU), 273–277, 323

• Z •

- 0-6 run levels, 262