

Index

Symbols & Numerics

- . (dot) character, point representation, 37
- \perp symbol, perpendicular lines, 54
- // (double forward slash) symbol, parallel lines, 54, 60
- : (colon) character, ratio of quantity representation method, 155
- 30-60-90 right triangles, described, 197–199

A

- AA Triangle Similarity Postulate, 161
- acute, defined, 48
- acute angles, described, 48
- acute triangles, classifying by angles, 75
- addition
 - angles, 46–47
 - line segments, 42–43
- Addition of Angles Postulate (10), 46–47
- adjacent angles, described, 50
- alternate exterior angles
 - theorem (13), 60
 - theorem (17), 62
 - transversals, 59
- alternate interior angles
 - theorem (12), 60
 - theorem (16), 62
 - transversals, 59
- altitude
 - obtuse triangles, 80
 - prisms, 239
 - pyramids, 249
 - right triangles, 80
 - trapezoids, 113
 - triangles, 80
- altitude to the hypotenuse, right triangles, 186–189
- Angle Bisector Theorem (55), 164
- angle bisectors, triangles, 81–82
- angle pairs
 - adjacent, 50
 - complementary, 51
 - supplementary, 51–52
 - vertical, 50–51
- angle sums, polygons, 109–112
- angles
 - acute, 48
 - addition, 46–47
 - adjacent, 50
 - alternate exterior, 59
 - alternate interior, 59
 - bisector, 47
 - chords, 215–219
 - complementary, 51
 - consecutive exterior, 59
 - consecutive interior, 59
 - corresponding, 59
 - exterior, triangle, 72–75
 - inscribed, 212–215
 - naming conventions, 45
 - nonadjacent complementary, 51
 - obtuse, 48
 - opening expression method, 45
 - polygon classifications, 108
 - postulate (12), 61
 - ray forming method, 45
 - reflex, 48
 - remote interior, triangles, 73–75
 - right, 47–48
 - secants, 215–219
 - sides, 45
 - straight, 48
 - supplementary, 51–52
 - tangents, 215–219
 - theorem (5), 47
 - theorem (6), 47–48
 - transversals, 59–61
 - triangle classification method, 75–76
 - vertex, 45
 - vertical, 50–51
- apothem, polygons, 142
- Arc Addition Postulate (19), circles, 211
- arc lengths, circles, 225–226
- arcs
 - circles, 209–211, 219–222
 - inscribed angles, 212–215
 - measurement methods, 211
- areas
 - circles, 144–147
 - defined, 131
 - parallelograms, 137–140
 - pyramids, 250
 - rectangles, 132–133

areas (*continued*)

- regular polygons, 142–144
- right circular cones, 252
- right circular cylinder, 245
- right prisms, 240
- similar triangles, 171–173
- squares, 132–133, 253
- trapezoids, 140–142
- triangles, 135–137

ASA Postulate (15), 84

axes, rectangular coordinate system points, 265–267

axioms. *See* postulates

B

base

- altitudes, 80
- isosceles triangles, 78
- prisms, 239
- pyramids, 249
- trapezoids, 112
- triangles, 80

base angles

- isosceles trapezoid, 121
- theorem (49), 121
- triangles, 78

basic forms

- lines, 37–38
- planes, 38
- points, 37

bisectors, angles, 47

C

Cartesian coordinates, described, 265

center point

- circles, 144, 207
- polygons, 142

central angles, circles, 209–210

characters. *See* symbols

chords

- circle angles, 215–219
- circles, 207, 219–222
- segments, 222–225

circles

- Arc Addition Postulate (19), 211
- arc lengths, 225–226
- arcs, 209–211, 219–222
- arcs with inscribed angles, 212–215
- area formula, 145
- center point, 144, 207

central angles, 209–210

chord angles, 215–219

chord segments, 222–225

chords, 207, 219–222

circumference, 144

circumference formula, 144

common tangent, 208

diameter, 144, 207

external common tangent, 208

internal common tangent, 208

major arcs, 210

minor arcs, 210

pi symbol, 144

point of tangency, 207–208

radius, 144, 207

secant angles, 215–219

secant segments, 222–225

secants, 207

sectors, 226–229

semicircles, 210

tangent angles, 215–219

tangent segments, 222–225

tangents, 207

theorem (66), 211

theorem (67), 211

theorem (68), 213

theorem (69), 213

theorem (70), 213

theorem (71), 215

theorem (72), 215

theorem (73), 216

theorem (74), 216

theorem (75), 216–217

theorem (76), 219

theorem (77), 219

theorem (78), 219

theorem (79), 219

theorem (80), 219

theorem (81), 223

theorem (82), 223

theorem (83), 224

theorem (84), 224

circumference

circles, 144

pi symbol, 144

collinear points, defined, 38

colon (:) character, ratio of quantity representation method, 155

common tangent, circles, 208

complementary angles

described, 51

theorem (8), 51

concave, polygon type, 107

- cones
 right circular, 251–253
 theorem (94), 252
 theorem (95), 252
 theorem (96), 252
- congruent triangles
 CPCTC (corresponding parts), 89
 defined, 83
 postulate 13 (SSS), 83
 postulate 14 (SAS), 83–84
 postulate 15 (ASA), 84
 postulate 16 (SAA), 84–85
 postulate 17 (HL), 85
 proofs, 83–85
 theorem 24 (HA), 87
 theorem 25 (LL), 87
 theorem 26 (LA), 87–88
- consecutive exterior angles
 theorem (15), 60
 theorem (19), 62
 transversals, 59
- consecutive interior angles
 theorem (14), 60
 theorem (18), 62
 transversals, 59
- consecutive sides, polygons, 108
- converse, defined, 61
- convex, polygon type, 107–108
- convex polygons
 theorem (34), 110
 theorem (35), 110–111
- coordinates, points, 41
- corresponding angles, transversals, 59
- corresponding parts (CPCTC), triangles, 89
- Cross-Products Property (Means-Extremes Property), proportions, 157
- cubes, defined, 244
- cylinders
 right circular, 245–249
 theorem (88), 246
 theorem (89), 246
- D**
- decagons, polygon classification, 108
- degrees, angle opening measurement expression, 45
- Denominator Addition or Subtraction Property, proportions, 158
- diagonals
 polygons, 108
 theorem (50), 121
- diameters, circles, 144, 207
- distance formula, rectangular coordinate system, 267–269
- Distance Formula (theorem 94), rectangular coordinate system, 268
- dot (.) character, point representation, 37
- double forward slash (//) symbol, parallel lines, 54, 60
- E**
- endpoints
 line segments, 41
 major arcs, 210
 minor arcs, 210
 polygon vertices, 108
 rays, 43–44
 semicircles, 210
- equiangular triangles
 classifying by angles, 76
 theorem (23), 76
- equilateral triangles, classifying by sides, 77
- exterior angle sum
 polygons, 110–111
 theorem (35), 110–111
- exterior angles
 theorem (22), 73
 triangles, 72–75
- external common tangent, circles, 208
- extremes, proportions, 156–157
- F**
- forms
 lines, 37–38
 planes, 38
 points, 37
- formulas
 area of a circle, 145
 area of a parallelogram, 138
 area of a rectangle, 132–133
 area of a regular polygon, 143
 area of a square, 133
 area of a trapezoid, 141
 area of a triangle, 135–136
 circle circumference, 144
 Distance Formula (theorem 94), 268
 Midpoint Formula (theorem 95), 269
 perimeter of a parallelogram, 137
 perimeter of a rectangle, 132
 perimeter of a regular polygon, 143

formulas (*continued*)

- perimeter of a square, 131
- perimeter of a trapezoid, 140
- perimeter of a triangle, 135
- pyramid lateral area, 250
- pyramid total area, 250
- pyramid volume, 250
- rectangular coordinate system distance, 267–268
- rectangular coordinate system midpoint, 269
- right circular cone lateral area, 252
- right circular cone total area, 252
- right circular cone volume, 252
- right circular cylinder lateral area, 246
- right circular cylinder total area, 246
- right circular cylinder volume, 246
- right prism lateral area, 240
- right prism perimeter, 240
- right prism total area, 240
- right prism volume, 244
- sphere surface area, 253
- sphere volume, 253

G

- geometric mean, right triangles, 185
- geometry, defined, 37

H

- HA Theorem (24), 87
- height, trapezoids, 113
- heptagons, polygon classification, 108
- hexagons, polygon classification, 108
- HL Postulate (17), 85
- hypotenuse, right triangles, 78

I

- inequality theorems, triangles, 92
- infinite, defined, 37
- inscribed angles, circles, 212–215
- interior angle sum
 - polygons, 110
 - theorem (34), 110
- internal common tangent, circles, 208
- intersecting lines/segments, described, 53
- isosceles trapezoid
 - described, 121
 - theorem (49), 121
 - theorem (50), 121

isosceles triangles

- angle bisectors, 82
- base, 78
- classifying by angles, 76
- classifying by sides, 77
- legs, 78
- right triangles, 195–197
- special relationships, 91–92
- theorem (27), 91
- theorem (28), 91
- theorem (29), 91
- theorem (30), 91

L

LA Theorem (26), 87–88

lateral areas

- pyramids, 250
- right circular cones, 252
- right circular cylinder, 245
- right prism formula, 240

lateral edges

- prisms, 239
- pyramids, 249

lateral faces

- prisms, 239
- pyramids, 249

legs

- altitudes, 80
- isosceles triangles, 78
- right triangles, 78
- trapezoids, 112

line segments

- altitude, 80
- base, 80
- medians, 81
- polygons, 108

linear equations

- point-slope form, 277
- rectangular coordinate system, 275–281
- slope-y-intercept form, 278–279
- standard form, 276–277
- theorem (100), 277
- theorem (101), 278

lines

- basic form type, 37–38
- intersecting, 53
- naming conventions, 37
- parallel, 54
- perpendicular, 54
- postulate (1), 39
- postulate (3), 39
- postulate (5), 39, 41

postulate (6), 39, 41
 postulate (12), 61
 rectangular coordinate system slopes, 272–275
 segments, 41–42
 theorem (1), 39, 40
 theorem (2), 39, 41
 theorem (3), 39, 40
 theorem (16), 62
 theorem (17), 62
 theorem (18), 62
 theorem (19), 62
 theorem (20), 62
 theorem (96), 274
 theorem (97), 274
 theorem (98), 274
 theorem (99), 274
 transversals, 59–61
 LL Theorem (25), 87
 lowercase letters, line naming conventions, 37

M

major arcs, circles, 210
 mean proportional, right triangles, 185
 means, proportions, 156–157
 Means or Extremes Switching Property,
 proportions, 157
 Means-Extremes Property (Cross-Products
 Property), proportions, 157
 medians
 theorem (51), 121
 theorem (52), 121
 trapezoids, 113
 triangles, 81
 Midpoint Formula (theorem 95), rectangular
 coordinate system, 269
 Midpoint Theorem (53), 122
 midpoints
 line segments, 42–43
 theorem (4), 42
 minor arcs, circles, 210

N

naming conventions
 angles, 45
 lines, 37
 planes, 38
 points, 37
 polygons, 108
 nonadjacent complementary angles, described, 51
 nonagons, polygon classification, 108

noncollinear points
 defined, 38
 postulate (2), 39
 postulate (4), 39, 41

O

oblique prism
 defined, 239
 versus right prisms, 239–243
 obtuse, defined, 48
 obtuse angles, described, 48
 obtuse triangles
 altitudes, 80
 classifying by angles, 76
 octagons, polygon classification, 108
 ordered pairs, rectangular coordinate system, 265
 origin, rectangular coordinate system, 265

P

pair of bases, parallelograms, 113
 parallel line slope, rectangular coordinate system,
 274–275
 parallel lines
 // (double forward slash) symbol, 54, 60
 postulate (12), 61
 proving, 61–62
 theorem (12), 60
 theorem (13), 60
 theorem (14), 60
 theorem (15), 60
 theorem (16), 62
 theorem (17), 62
 theorem (18), 62
 theorem (19), 62
 theorem (20), 62
 transversals, 60
 parallel lines/segments
 described, 54
 theorem (11), 54
 Parallel Postulate (11), 60
 parallelograms
 area formula, 138
 pair of bases, 113
 perimeter formula, 137
 proofs, 115–118
 quadrilateral type, 113–114
 rectangles, 118–119
 rhombus, 119
 squares, 119–120
 symbol, 113

- parallelograms (*continued*)
 - theorem (36), 113
 - theorem (37), 113
 - theorem (38), 113
 - theorem (39), 113
 - theorem (40), 114
 - theorem (41), 115
 - theorem (42), 115
 - theorem (43), 115
 - theorem (44), 115
 - theorem (45), 115
- pentagons, polygon classification, 108
- perimeters
 - circles, 144–147
 - defined, 131
 - parallelograms, 137–140
 - rectangles, 131–132
 - regular polygons, 142–144
 - right prisms, 240
 - similar triangles, 171–173
 - squares, 131–132
 - trapezoids, 140–142
 - triangles, 135–137
- perpendicular line slope, rectangular coordinate system, 247–275
- perpendicular lines, symbol, 54
- perpendicular lines/segments, described, 54
- pi symbol, circle circumference, 144
- planes
 - basic form type, 38
 - naming conventions, 38
 - postulate (2), 39
 - postulate (4), 39, 41
 - postulate (5), 39, 41
 - postulate (6), 39, 41
 - theorem (2), 39, 41
 - theorem (3), 39
 - theorem (20), 62
- point of tangency, circles, 207–208
- points
 - angle bisectors, 81–82
 - basic form type, 37
 - collinear, 38
 - coordinate, 41
 - dot (.) character representation, 37
 - line segment midpoint, 42–43
 - naming conventions, 37
 - noncollinear, 38
 - ordered pairs, 265
 - origin, 265
 - postulate (1), 39
 - postulate (2), 39
 - postulate (3), 39
 - postulate (5), 39, 41
 - rays, 43–44
 - rectangular coordinate system axes, 265–267
 - theorem (1), 39, 40
 - theorem (2), 39, 41
- point-slope form, rectangular coordinate system
 - linear equation, 277
- polygons
 - angle sums, 109–112
 - apothem, 142
 - area formula, 143
 - center point, 142
 - concave classification, 107
 - consecutive sides, 108
 - convex classification, 107
 - defined, 107
 - diagonals, 108
 - exterior angle sum, 110–111
 - interior angle sum, 110
 - isosceles trapezoid, 121
 - naming conventions, 108
 - parallelogram proofs, 115–118
 - parallelograms, 113–114
 - perimeter formula, 143
 - quadrilaterals, 112–114
 - radius, 142
 - rectangles, 118–119
 - regular, 109
 - rhombus, 119
 - side/angle classifications, 108
 - similar, 160–161
 - squares, 119–120
 - theorem (34), 110
 - theorem (35), 110–111
 - trapezoids, 112–113, 121–122
 - vertices, 108
- postulates
 - AA Triangle Similarity, 161
 - Addition of Angles, 46–47
 - Arc Addition (19), circles, 211
 - ASA (15), 84
 - converse, 61
 - defined, 38
 - HL Postulate (17), 85
 - listing, 313–317
 - Parallel, 60
 - Protractor, 46–47
 - Ruler, 41, 267
 - SAA Postulate (16), 84–85
 - SAS Postulate (14), 83–84
 - Segment Addition, 42–43
 - SSS Postulate (13), 83
- prisms
 - altitude, 239
 - bases, 239

cubes, 244
 described, 239
 lateral edges, 239
 lateral faces, 239
 oblique versus right, 239–243
 right circular cylinders, 245–249
 theorem (85), 240
 theorem (86), 240
 theorem (87), 244
 unit cube, 244
 volumes, 244–245
 properties, proportions, 157–158
 proportions
 Cross-Products Property (Means-Extremes Property), 157
 defined, 156
 Denominator Addition or Subtraction Property, 158
 extremes, 156–157
 means, 156–157
 Means or Extremes Switching Property, 157
 properties of, 157–158
 triangle parts, 164–171
 Upside Down Property, 157
 Protractor Postulate (9), 46–47
 pyramids
 altitudes, 249
 base, 249
 described, 249
 lateral area, 250
 lateral edges, 249
 lateral faces, 249
 slant height, 249–250
 theorem (91), 250
 theorem (92), 250
 theorem (93), 250
 total area, 250
 vertex, 249
 volume, 250
 Pythagorean Theorem (62)
 outgrowths, 194–195
 right triangles, 189–191
 Pythagorean triples (63), right triangles, 191–193

Q

quadrants, rectangular coordinate system, 265
 quadrilaterals
 parallelogram proofs, 115–118
 parallelograms, 113–114
 polygon classification, 108
 trapezoids, 112–113
 quantities, ratio representation methods, 155

R

radius
 circles, 144, 207
 polygons, 142
 spheres, 253
 ratio, representation methods, 155
 rays
 angle bisector, 47
 angle forming method, 45
 defined, 43–44
 rectangles
 area formula, 132–133
 described, 118–119
 perimeter formula, 131–132
 theorem (46), 119
 rectangular coordinate system
 axes points, 265–267
 distance formula, 267–269
 Distance Formula (theorem 94), 268
 linear equations, 275–281
 Midpoint Formula (theorem 95), 269
 ordered pair, 265
 origin, 265
 parallel line slope, 274–275
 perpendicular line slope, 274–275
 point-slope form linear equation, 277
 quadrants, 265
 Ruler Postulate (7), 267
 slope of a line, 272–274
 slope-y-intercept form, 278–279
 standard form linear equation, 276–277
 theorem (96), 274
 theorem (97), 274
 theorem (98), 274
 theorem (99), 274
 theorem (100), 277
 theorem (101), 279
 reflex angles, described, 48
 regular polygons, described, 109
 remote interior angles, theorem (22), 73
 rhombus
 described, 119
 theorem (47), 119
 theorem (48), 119
 right angles, described, 47–48
 right circular cones
 described, 251
 lateral area, 252
 theorem (94), 252
 theorem (95), 252
 theorem (96), 252
 total area, 252
 volume, 252

- right circular cylinders
 - described, 245
 - theorem (88), 246
 - theorem (89), 246
 - total area, 246
 - volume, 246
 - right prisms
 - defined, 239
 - lateral area formula, 240
 - perimeter formula, 240
 - theorem (85), 240
 - theorem (86), 240
 - theorem (87), 244
 - total area formula, 240
 - versus oblique prisms, 239–243
 - volume formula, 244
 - right triangles
 - 30-60-90, 197–199
 - altitude to the hypotenuse, 186–189
 - altitudes, 80
 - classifying by angles, 75
 - geometric mean (mean proportional), 185
 - hypotenuse, 78
 - isosceles, 195–197
 - legs, 78
 - Pythagorean Theorem (62), 189–191
 - Pythagorean Theorem (62) outgrowths, 194–195
 - Pythagorean triples (63), 191–193
 - theorem 24 (HA), 87
 - theorem 25 (LL), 87
 - theorem 26 (LA), 87–88
 - theorem (59), 186
 - theorem (60), 186
 - theorem (61), 187
 - theorem (63), 191
 - theorem (64), 194
 - theorem (65), 194
 - Ruler Postulate (7), 41, 267
- S**
- SAA Postulate (16), 84–85
 - SAS Postulate (14), 83–84
 - scale factors, triangles, 171–172
 - scalene triangles, classifying by sides, 76
 - secants
 - circle angles, 215–219
 - circles, 207
 - segments, 222–225
 - sectors, circles, 226–229
 - Segment Addition Postulate (8), 42–43
 - segments
 - addition, 42–43
 - angle bisectors, 81–82
 - chords, 222–225
 - intersecting, 53
 - line, 41–42
 - midpoint, 42–43
 - parallel, 54
 - perpendicular, 54
 - point coordinates, 41
 - secants, 222–225
 - tangents, 222–225
 - theorem (4), 42
 - trapezoids, 112–113
 - triangles, 80–82
 - semicircle, defined, 210
 - sides
 - angles, 45
 - polygon classifications, 108
 - trapezoids, 112
 - triangle classification method, 76–77
 - Side-Splitting Theorem (54), 164
 - similar polygons, described, 160–161
 - similar triangles
 - described, 161–163
 - perimeters, 171–173
 - postulate (18), 161
 - proportional parts, 169–171
 - scale factors, 171–172
 - slant heights, pyramids, 249–250
 - slope of a line, rectangular coordinate system, 272–274
 - slope-y-intercept form, rectangular coordinate system, 278–279
 - spheres
 - described, 253
 - radius, 253
 - theorem (97), 253
 - theorem (98), 253
 - squares
 - area formula, 133
 - areas, 132–133
 - equilateral parallelogram, 119–120
 - perimeter formula, 131–132
 - SSS Postulate (13), 83
 - standard form, rectangular coordinate system
 - linear equation, 276–277
 - steepness, rectangular coordinate system slopes, 272–274
 - straight angles, described, 48
 - straight lines. *See* lines

- supplementary angles
 described, 51–52
 theorem (9), 51
 theorem (10), 52
- symbols
 \perp , perpendicular lines, 54
 $//$ (double forward slash), parallel lines,
 54, 60
 parallelogram (parallelogram), 113
 π , circle circumference, 144
 triangle, 71
- T**
- tangents
 circle angles, 215–219
 circles, 207
 segments, 222–225
- theorems
 Angle Bisector (55), 164
 converse, 61
 defined, 39
 Distance Formula (theorem 94), 268
 HA (24), 87
 LA (26), 87–88
 listing, 313–320
 LL (25), 87
 Midpoint (53), 122
 Midpoint Formula (theorem 95), 269
 Pythagorean (62), 189–191, 194–195
 Side-Splitting (54), 164
 Triangle Inequality (33), 92
- transversals
 alternate exterior angles, 59
 alternate interior angles, 59
 consecutive exterior angles, 59
 consecutive interior angles, 59
 corresponding angles, 59
 described, 59–61
 Parallel Postulate (11), 60
 postulate (12), 61
 theorem (12), 60
 theorem (13), 60
 theorem (14), 60
 theorem (15), 60
 theorem (16), 62
 theorem (17), 62
 theorem (18), 62
 theorem (19), 62
 theorem (20), 62
- trapezoids
 area formula, 141
 isosceles, 121
 Midpoint Theorem, 122
 perimeter formula, 140
 quadrilateral type, 112–113
 theorem (49), 121
 theorem (50), 121
 theorem (51), 121
 theorem (52), 121
- Triangle Inequality Theorem (33), 92
- triangles
 acute, 75
 altitude, 80
 angle bisector, 81–82
 Angle Bisector Theorem (55), 164
 area formula, 135–136
 base, 80
 base angles, 78
 classifying by angles, 75–76
 classifying by sides, 76–77
 congruent, 83–91
 CPCTC (corresponding parts), 89
 defined, 71
 equiangular, 76
 equilateral, 77
 exterior angles, 72–75
 hypotenuse, 78
 inequality theorems, 92
 isosceles, 76–77, 91–92
 legs, 78
 medians, 81
 Midpoint Theorem, 122
 obtuse, 76
 perimeter formula, 135
 polygon classification, 108
 proportional parts, 164–171
 right, 75
 scale factors, 171–172
 scalene, 76
 segments, 80–82
 Side-Splitting Theorem (53), 164
 similar, 161–163
 sum of angle measurement, 71–72
 symbol, 71
 theorem (21), 71–72
 theorem (22), 73
 theorem (31), 92
 theorem (32), 92
 theorem (33), 92
 theorem (56), 169–170

triangles (*continued*)
theorem (57), 171
theorem (58), 172
vertex angle, 78
vertices, 71

U

unit cube, volume unit of measurement, 244
uppercase letters
plane naming conventions, 38
point naming conventions, 37
Upside Down Property, proportions, 157

V

vertex angle, triangles, 78
vertical angles
described, 50–51
theorem (7), 51

vertices
adjacent angles, 50
angles, 45
polygon endpoints, 108
pyramids, 249
triangles, 71
vertical angles, 50–51
volumes
prisms, 244–245
pyramids, 250
right circular cones, 252
right circular cylinder, 246
spheres, 253

X

x axis, rectangular coordinate system, 265–267

Y

y axis, rectangular coordinate system, 265–267

