

## Contents

<b>Preface</b>	<i>XI</i>
<b>Introduction</b>	<i>1</i>
<b>1 Basic Principles</b>	<i>4</i>
1.1 Atomic structure	<i>4</i>
1.2 Plasmas	<i>8</i>
1.3 Emission and absorption of radiation	<i>9</i>
1.4 Ionization	<i>18</i>
1.5 Dissociation	<i>23</i>
1.6 Sources for atomic spectrometry	<i>26</i>
1.7 Analytical atomic spectrometry	<i>31</i>
<b>2 Spectrometric Instrumentation</b>	<i>34</i>
2.1 Figures of merit of an analytical method	<i>34</i>
2.2 Optical spectrometers	<i>51</i>
2.2.1 Optical systems	<i>52</i>
2.2.2 Radiation detectors	<i>61</i>
2.2.3 Miniaturized spectrometers	<i>70</i>
2.2.4 Non-dispersive spectrometers	<i>73</i>
2.3 Mass spectrometers	<i>75</i>
2.3.1 Types of mass spectrometers	<i>76</i>
2.3.2 Ion detection	<i>84</i>
2.3.3 Ion extraction	<i>87</i>
2.3.4 Ion optics and transmission	<i>88</i>
2.4 Data acquisition and treatment	<i>89</i>
2.5 Traceability	<i>92</i>
<b>3 Sample Introduction Devices</b>	<i>94</i>
3.1 Sample introduction by pneumatic nebulization	<i>96</i>
3.2 Ultrasonic nebulization	<i>113</i>
3.3 Hydride and other volatile species generation	<i>114</i>
3.4 Electrothermal vaporization	<i>120</i>

VIII | Contents

3.4.1	The volatilization process	121
3.4.2	Types of electrothermal devices	122
3.4.3	Temperature programming	125
3.4.4	Analytical performance	127
3.5	Direct solids sampling	128
3.5.1	Thermal methods	128
3.5.2	Slurry atomization	131
3.5.3	Arc and spark ablation	136
3.5.4	Laser ablation	142
3.6	Cathodic sputtering	147
<b>4</b>	<b>Atomic Absorption Spectrometry</b>	<b>159</b>
4.1	Principles	159
4.2	Atomic absorption spectrometers	161
4.2.1	Spectrometers	161
4.2.2	Primary radiation sources	163
4.3	Flame atomic absorption	171
4.3.1	Flames and burners	172
4.3.2	Nebulizers	174
4.3.3	Figures of merit	175
4.4	Electrothermal atomic absorption	177
4.4.1	Atomizers	178
4.4.2	Thermochemistry	181
4.4.3	Figures of merit	182
4.5	Special techniques	187
4.5.1	Hydride and cold-vapor techniques	187
4.5.2	Direct solids sampling	189
4.5.3	Indirect determinations	190
4.5.4	Flow injection analysis	190
4.5.5	Diode laser atomic absorption spectrometry	191
4.6	Background correction techniques	192
4.6.1	Correction for background absorption with the deuterium lamp technique	192
4.6.2	Background correction with the aid of the Zeeman effect	194
4.6.3	The Smith–Hieftje technique	197
4.6.4	Coherent forward scattering	197
4.7	Fields of application	199
4.8	Outlook	205
<b>5</b>	<b>Optical Emission Spectrometry</b>	<b>207</b>
5.1	Principles	207
5.2	Atomic emission spectrometers	217
5.3	Flame emission	225
5.4	Arcs and sparks	225
5.4.1	Arc emission spectrometry	225

5.4.1.1	Arc characteristics	225
5.4.1.2	DC arc spectrometry	226
5.4.1.3	AC arc spectrometry	228
5.4.2	Spark emission spectrometry	228
5.4.2.1	Sparks	228
5.4.2.2	Analytical features	230
5.5	Plasma source OES	232
5.5.1	DC plasma-jet OES	232
5.5.1.1	Types of plasma jets	232
5.5.1.2	Three-electrode plasma jet	233
5.5.2	Inductively coupled plasma OES	234
5.5.2.1	The inductively coupled plasma	234
5.5.2.2	Instrumentation	236
5.5.2.3	Analytical performance	238
5.5.2.4	Applications	247
5.5.3	Low-power high-frequency plasmas	249
5.5.4	Microwave plasmas	253
5.6	Glow discharge OES	265
5.6.1	Hollow cathodes for OES	266
5.6.2	Furnace emission spectrometry	267
5.6.3	DC glow discharges with a flat cathode	268
5.6.4	RF glow discharges	272
5.6.5	New developments	273
5.7	Laser sources	279
<b>6</b>	<b>Plasma Mass Spectrometry</b>	<b>284</b>
6.1	ICP mass spectrometry	285
6.1.1	Instrumentation	285
6.1.2	Analytical features	287
6.1.3	Applications	304
6.1.4	Outlook	311
6.2	Glow discharge mass spectrometry	314
6.2.1	Instrumentation	316
6.2.2	Analytical performance	323
6.2.3	Analytical applications	323
<b>7</b>	<b>Atomic Fluorescence Spectrometry</b>	<b>332</b>
7.1	Principles	332
7.2	Instrumentation	335
7.3	Analytical performance	337
<b>8</b>	<b>Laser-Enhanced Ionization Spectrometry</b>	<b>339</b>
8.1	Principles	339
8.2	Figures of merit	342
8.3	Analytical applications	343

<b>9</b>	<b>Sample Preparation for Atomic Spectrometry</b>	<b>345</b>
9.1	Sample preparation in direct compact sample analysis	345
9.2	Grinding, sieving, and compaction of powders	345
9.3	Sample dissolution	347
9.3.1	Wet chemical methods	347
9.3.2	Fusion procedures	347
9.3.3	Microwave-assisted methods	348
9.3.4	Combustion techniques	348
9.4	Flow injection analysis	348
9.5	Leaching sample preparation methods	349
<b>10</b>	<b>Comparison with Other Methods</b>	<b>350</b>
10.1	Power of detection	350
10.2	Analytical accuracy	352
10.3	Economic aspects	353
	<b>Literature</b>	<b>355</b>
	<b>Index</b>	<b>402</b>