

Contents

List of Figures and Table	xii
Notes on Editors	xiii
Personal Acknowledgments	xiv
Text Acknowledgments	xv
Volume Introduction	1
Part I	
Introduction	5
Unit 1 The Ancient and Medieval Periods	13
1.1 Atoms and Empty Space	21
<i>Diogenes Laertius</i>	
1.2 Letter to Herodotus	22
<i>Epicurus</i>	
1.3 The Paradoxes of Motion	24
<i>Zeno</i>	
1.4 Plato's Cosmology	26
<i>Plato</i>	
1.5 The Structure and Motion of the Heavenly Spheres	31
<i>Aristotle</i>	
1.6 Change, Natures, and Causes	34
<i>Aristotle</i>	
1.7 Scientific Inference and the Knowledge of Essential Natures	44
<i>Aristotle</i>	
1.8 The Cosmos and the Shape and Size of the Earth	49
<i>Aristotle</i>	
1.9 The Divisions of Nature and the Divisions of Knowledge	57
<i>Aristotle</i>	
1.10 On Methods of Inference	62
<i>Philodemus</i>	

1.11	The Explanatory Power of Atomism <i>Lucretius</i>	64
1.12	The Earth: Its Size, Shape, and Immobility <i>Claudius Ptolemy</i>	70
1.13	The Weaknesses of the Hypotheses <i>Proclus</i>	74
1.14	Projectile Motion <i>John Philoponus</i>	76
1.15	Free Fall <i>John Philoponus</i>	79
1.16	Against the Reality of Epicycles and Eccentrics <i>Moses Maimonides</i>	82
1.17	Impetus and Its Applications <i>Jean Buridan</i>	86
1.18	The Possibility of a Rotating Earth <i>Nicole Oresme</i>	91
Unit 2	The Scientific Revolution	95
2.1	The Nature and Grounds of the Copernican System <i>Georg Joachim Rheticus</i>	108
2.2	The Unsigned Letter <i>Andreas Osiander</i>	110
2.3	The Motion of the Earth <i>Nicholas Copernicus</i>	112
2.4	The New Star <i>Tycho Brahe</i>	120
2.5	A Man Ahead of His Time <i>Johannes Kepler</i>	123
2.6	On Arguments about a Moving Earth <i>Johannes Kepler</i>	125
2.7	Eight Minutes of Arc <i>Johannes Kepler</i>	133
2.8	Tradition and Experience <i>Galileo Galilei</i>	135
2.9	A Moving Earth Is More Probable Than the Alternative <i>Galileo Galilei</i>	138
2.10	The Ship and the Tower <i>Galileo Galilei</i>	143
2.11	The Copernican View Vindicated <i>Galileo Galilei</i>	150
2.12	The “Corpuscular” Philosophy <i>Robert Boyle</i>	157
2.13	Successful Hypotheses and High Probability <i>Christiaan Huygens</i>	162
2.14	Inductive Methodology <i>Isaac Newton</i>	164
2.15	Space, Time, and the Elements of Physics <i>Isaac Newton</i>	167

2.16	Four Rules of Reasoning <i>Isaac Newton</i>	174
2.17	General Scholium <i>Isaac Newton</i>	176
2.18	The System of the World <i>Isaac Newton</i>	178
Unit 3	The Modern Philosophers	183
3.1	The Inductive Method <i>Francis Bacon</i>	190
3.2	Rules for the Discovery of Scientific Truth <i>René Descartes</i>	194
3.3	Rationalism and Scientific Method <i>René Descartes</i>	197
3.4	Human Knowledge: Its Scope and Limits <i>John Locke</i>	206
3.5	The Principle of Least Action <i>Gottfried Wilhelm Leibniz</i>	210
3.6	Space, Time, and Symmetry <i>Gottfried Wilhelm Leibniz</i>	215
3.7	The Problem of Induction <i>David Hume</i>	219
3.8	The Nature of Cause and Effect <i>David Hume</i>	226
3.9	The Metaphysical Foundations of Natural Science <i>Immanuel Kant</i>	232
Unit 4	Methodology and Revolution	238
4.1	The Nature of Scientific Explanation <i>Antoine Lavoisier</i>	245
4.2	Determinism, Ignorance, and Probability <i>Pierre-Simon Laplace</i>	250
4.3	Hypotheses, Data, and Crucial Experiments <i>John Herschel</i>	254
4.4	An Empiricist Account of Scientific Discovery <i>John Stuart Mill</i>	258
4.5	Against Pure Empiricism <i>William Whewell</i>	264
4.6	The Causes Behind the Phenomena <i>William Whewell</i>	267
4.7	Catastrophist Geology <i>Georges Cuvier</i>	269
4.8	Uniformitarian Geology <i>Charles Lyell</i>	274
4.9	The Explanatory Scope of the Evolutionary Hypothesis <i>Charles Darwin</i>	278
4.10	Induction as a Self-Correcting Process <i>Charles Sanders Peirce</i>	281

4.11	The Nature of Abduction <i>Charles Sanders Peirce</i>	284
4.12	The Role of Hypotheses in Physical Theory <i>Henri Poincaré</i>	287
4.13	Against Crucial Experiments <i>Pierre Duhem</i>	292
4.14	On the Method of Theoretical Physics <i>Albert Einstein</i>	300
 Part II		
	Introduction	307
 Unit 5 The Received View		
5.1	Theory and Observation <i>Rudolf Carnap</i>	329
5.2	Scientific Explanation <i>Carl Hempel</i>	344
5.3	Empiricism, Semantics, and Ontology <i>Rudolf Carnap</i>	356
5.4	The Pragmatic Vindication of Induction <i>Hans Reichenbach</i>	366
5.5	Dissolving the Problem of Induction <i>Peter Strawson</i>	372
 Unit 6 After the Received View: Confirmation and Observation		
6.1	Empiricist Criteria of Cognitive Significance: Problems and Changes <i>Carl Hempel</i>	391
6.2	The Raven Paradox <i>Carl Hempel</i>	404
6.3	Two Dogmas of Empiricism <i>W. V. O. Quine</i>	412
6.4	The New Riddle of Induction <i>Nelson Goodman</i>	424
6.5	What Theories Are Not <i>Hilary Putnam</i>	428
6.6	On Observation <i>N. R. Hanson</i>	432
6.7	The Ontological Status of Theoretical Entities <i>Grover Maxwell</i>	451
 Unit 7 After the Received View: Methodology		
7.1	Science: Conjectures and Refutations <i>Karl R. Popper</i>	471
7.2	The Structure of Scientific Revolutions <i>Thomas Kuhn</i>	489
7.3	Science and Pseudoscience <i>Imre Lakatos</i>	514

Unit 8	After the Received View: Explanation	519
8.1	Counterexamples to the D-N and I-S Models of Explanation <i>Wesley Salmon</i>	531
8.2	The Statistical Relevance Model of Explanation <i>Wesley Salmon</i>	536
8.3	Why Ask, “Why”? <i>Wesley Salmon</i>	553
8.4	Explanatory Unification <i>Philip Kitcher</i>	561
Unit 9	After the Received View: The Realism Debate	573
9.1	The Current Status of Scientific Realism <i>Richard N. Boyd</i>	586
9.2	A Confutation of Convergent Realism <i>Larry Laudan</i>	605
9.3	Constructive Empiricism <i>Bas van Fraassen</i>	625
9.4	The Natural Ontological Attitude <i>Arthur Fine</i>	645